

RUSSIANS ANNIHILATE GERMAN ARMY DIVISION ON NIEMEN RIVER AREA

TEUTONS ARE TRAPPED IN ATTEMPT TO EXECUTE DARING MANEUVER, PETROGRAD SAYS.

SEVERE AUSTRIAN LOSS

Eighteen Thousand Killed in Battle in Carpathians Say Dispatches To Swiss News.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Petrograd, March 31.—The long silence in Petrograd concerning operations on the German front was broken today by an authentic report of a daring German maneuver in the Niemen river area, which, according to this information, began abortively, and ended in failure.

The gradual withdrawal of the central part of their army, a move calculated to draw all Russian forces into a large advance between Swallow and Kalvaria, was followed, according to Russian interpretation, of the German plan, by a quick enveloping movement on their left flank from the vicinity of Dusa and Lake Nimmo to the rear. This, it was planned, would cut off retreat of advancing Russians, at the same time they would be outflanked.

Over-zealousness in achieving this aim led the German generals to throw a large part of their 21st army corps with its reserve regiments, amounting in all to an entire corps, the melting ice of Lake Dusa, before the middle groups of the Russian force had advanced sufficiently to assume success of the proposed encircling maneuver.

Having surmounted the hazards of the transportation of these troops, according to the Germans, they were premature and in a desperate effort to retrace their steps, they were met by a fierce Russian onslaught.

According to the Russians, the fighting, the Russians annihilated entire divisions of the Germans.

At other points along the German front isolated engagements continued, but they are without strategic significance.

Carpathian Situation. London, March 31.—The battle of the Carpathians passes now rivals the political possibilities. German experts assert that the efforts being made by Russia are of such vital importance, politically, that the supreme command of the Teuton allies is justified in extending every effort to check the invaders there.

According to this view of the situation, a sudden and dramatic influx of "scorched" hosts through the Carpathians into Hungary might stir the Balkan nations long before the tedious attack of the allied fleet on the Dardanelles attains anything approaching a definite result.

On the western front the Germans are reported to be giving up their plans for breaking through the defensive of the allies near the coast along the Yser. They are making a new effort along the frontier Franco-German border by bombarding the fortress of Verdun. At the same time the continued bombardment of Neuport indicates that the Germans are still opposing any extension of the allied line along the Belgian coast. Internally, England is still concerned over the labor and drink question.

German Aviators Active. Great activity has been displayed by German aviators, says a Petrograd dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company, according to a semi-official Russian statement, which reads:

"Fifteen German aeroplanes flew over Ostrolenka, Monday, dropping one hundred bombs at an isolated house which they apparently mistook for Russian headquarters. None of the bombs hit the house, and the occupants were not injured. Near Ladzino we brought down an enemy plane, capturing an officer and a mechanic."

Austrians Lose 18,000. Geneva, via Paris, March 31.—Austrian losses in Lutta valley and the province of Bregenz, northeast Hun-

gary, on the day of March 28, are estimated at 18,000 according to dispatches received by Swiss newspapers. Those dispatches state that a column of 4,000 Austrians was annihilated in less than an hour during the desperate action in Bregenz province. Austrian troops in this territory are reported to be demoralized as a result of their enormous losses.

Operations in Caucasus. Petrograd, March 31.—The following statement from the headquarters of the army of Caucasus was issued last night:

"In the coastal district there has been gun firing. Our troops, acting on the offensive from Borchka and Ardahan, occupied Artvin, throwing the Turks back to the south."

The left wing of the Sarikamish front is now in action and there has been artillery duels. Nothing of importance has taken place on the other front."

Leaves "Highest" Home To Meet Late In Battle. Berlin, March 31.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—Reservist Joseph Rieger, who when he was called to the colors last August was dubbed the "highest" member of the Bavarian army has been killed in action, after earning the Iron Cross for bravery.

Rieger earned his sobriquet of "highest" because his home was near the summit of the Zuespitz, the highest mountain in Germany and he was believed to live at a greater altitude than any man in Germany. He received a telephone message when German began mobilizing to join his regiment, and after a difficult and dangerous descent was down in the valley within a few hours.

Italian Socialists Cease Opposing War and Organize "Socialists' Battalion" for the Unification of Italy

Lieutenant Labayola training squad from Socialists' battalion in front of arsenal at Milan.

The Socialists' determined opposition toward Italy's participation in the war has gradually abated, as the argument that the present conflict offers Italy an opportunity to fulfill her dreams of complete unification has gained a very strong foothold with the people. Some of the more nationally inclined Socialists have even gone so far as to organize a "Socialists' battalion." The government has assigned Lieutenant Labayola to teach the "pacifists" the rudiments of the gun and the bayonet.

BAR CONFESSIONS IN NEW YORK CASE AGAINST BOMB MEN

Judge Heeds Defense Lawyer's Objection and Throws Out Copies. —Typist on Stand.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] New York, March 31.—The alleged written confession of Frank Abarno and Carmine Carbone, charged with making and placing a lighted bomb in St. Patrick's cathedral March 2, were offered in evidence at trial today but ruled out by the court on objection from the prisoners' attorney. Assistant District Attorney Train placed on the stand Wm. J. McCahill, the stenographer who took down the prisoners' statements. His type-written copies of the statement were admitted but the court permitted McCahill to testify as to what he heard the prisoners say.

McCahill failed to remember the salient feature of the alleged confession and Mr. Train went on the stand himself. Counsel for the defense questioned Mr. Train to show that the prisoners had not been instructed as to their right in giving information. Mr. Train admitted this, but defended his action by saying this was unnecessary.

Mr. Train was permitted to say that in his presence Abarno stated Carbone made the bomb, and after they were made it was decided to destroy the cathedral as a protest against capitalism.

Abarno volunteered the following statement, Mr. Train said:

"After we walked into the cathedral I said to my companion that we did not want to destroy human life, and we should leave the bombs unlighted. Mr. Train as a protest. When I had placed the bomb and began to walk out the detectives in women's clothes grabbed us."

PIONEER EXPIRES AT NEWARK HOME

Old Newark Resident, John McDaniel, Answers Call To Great Beyond—Son Resides Here.

John McDaniel, an old resident of Newark passed away yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. G. Cox, at Newark, leaving a wife and a son, John, who is a resident of Newark. Mr. McDaniel was 82 years of age. He was born in New York state Oct. 12, 1832, and came to Wisconsin at the age of twelve years and was a pioneer of this section. He made his home in or about Newark until his death.

Two daughters, Mrs. O. G. Cox of Newark and Mrs. William Ross also of Newark, and two sons, Louis of this city and Charles of Minneapolis survive. Interment will be made tomorrow afternoon in the Avon cemetery, the services being held at the home of Mrs. Cox. The family request that friends send no floral tributes.

GERMANS ARE UNABLE TO PROTECT THEIR SHIPS LACKING LAND SUPPORT.

Rotterdam, March 31.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—German newspapers express regret that Germany did not more adequately protect her foreign possessions so that they could have become strong coal mining stations and centers for naval operations. The TAGESZEITUNG, commenting on the loss of the Dragoon, says:

"The final results have proved that it is impossible to have power on the ocean without strong points of support on land. That our cruisers were in a battle with the ocean so long as they did was simply due to land qualities. The only real success would have been if the sea trade of the enemy had been so damaged as to put them in a position where they have known these things beforehand, but our foreign stations were very 'slack.'"

LORD ROTHSCHILD DIES IN LONDON TODAY; WAS BORN NOVEMBER, 1840

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] London, March 31.—Lord Rothschild, head of the English branch of the Rothschild family, died in London today. The Nathaniel Mayer Rothschild, first Baron Rothschild, was born November 8, 1840; son of the late Baron Lionel Nathan D. Rothschild.

MILTON MAN A CANDIDATE FOR BOAG'S POSITION

Charles Marquand of Milton Junction has filed nomination papers for a position on the county board of education to succeed C. Wesley Boag, who whose term expires in May. Superintendent O. D. Antsdel has filed his nomination papers with the county clerk, seeking re-election to the office of county superintendent of schools.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE STARTS MOVE FOR BETTER STATUTES

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Springfield, March 31.—A movement for a convention of legislators from all states in the Union to frame more uniform state laws throughout the country was started in the Illinois legislature.

JOHN D. BROWN HOLDS "TOBACCO" MEETING

Milwaukee Doctor Says It Doesn't Matter Whether It Is Right Or Left.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 31.—"Do you chew tobacco?" If you do, which side of your face do you devote to your quid?

If it is the left side, you chew as do 80 per cent of tobacco chewers. If the right, you are a tobaccoist phenomenon. Science offers no reason for this. The old theory that chewing on the right side affects certain glands in the cheek and made the chewer stick is exploded by Dr. George C. Ruhland, health officer of this city.

"This is automatically impossible," he says. "We have no knowledge of any glands in one cheek which are not present in the other. It must be a matter of habit."

If this fact is new to you, you can prove it by personal observation. Stand at a point and watch the passerby. Pick out the tobacco chewers and notice which side they chew on.

Quinn Trial: City Attorney W. H. Dougherty expected to hold the city case against Patrick Quinn, charged with violating the building ordinance, this afternoon in the municipal court.

BREWERS IN VICTORY AT MADISON

ASSEMBLY LEGALIZES TWO HUNDRED MORE SALOONS IN MILWAUKEE PASSING STEMPER BILL.

NO-FIGHT LAW REPEAL

Move to Abolish Athletic Commission Fails to Materialize—Water Power Again Up.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Madison, March 31.—Three important features of legislation were acted upon by the assembly today. It refused by a vote of 35 to 51 to reconsider the vote by which it passed the temper bill to legalize about 200 saloons in Milwaukee, and the measure now goes to the senate.

By a vote of 64 to 25 it killed the Julius Hansen bill to repeal the athletic commission and boxing law and it dismissed Charles Manegold Jr., president of a brewing company, after summoning him before the house without asking him a single question.

Mr. Manegold was to have been interrogated relative to a letter he wrote to Assemblyman Carl Hanson, offering to influence the vote in return for support of the Stempel bill.

Mr. Manegold said in this light, said Assemblyman Hanson this morning before the assembly voted in favor of the Zinn motion to discharge Mr. Manegold. It is understood the letter had been placed before Attorney General Owen.

The assembly also endorsed the Hadfield bill to prohibit boxing in fourth class cities and prohibit persons under eighteen years of age attending bouts. This bill also gives athletic commission power to revoke license of clubs.

The assembly also endorsed the Schroeder bill to give cities of the first class, power to require the use of ban and street car companies to sprinkle or oil streets between the tracks.

The assembly committee on state affairs reports for concurrence the Beahrd bill prohibiting time and gratuity.

The Bray water power bill was introduced in the senate today. It does not contain elaborate provisions for maintenance of public right depending chiefly on the legislature of the perpetual franchise to the water power to alter, amend or repeal the water-power grant at any time.

Theory of the bill is chiefly to define the difference between the public and the private rights, which exists in every stream.

In the senate, action on a change in local state paper was deferred until Friday morning.

Both houses adopted a resolution that when the legislature adjourns on Friday, it will be until Wednesday evening of next week at 8:30 p. m.

TOCHI TRIBESMEN IN BATTLE WITH TROOPS

Ten Thousand Fight Against Government Troops in Country of India.

—Are Repulsed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Simla, India, March 31.—A revolt of 10,000 tribesmen at Tochi has resulted in a battle with government troops. The tribesmen were repulsed. The following is an official statement issued today:

"Ten thousand tribesmen composed mainly of Zadras, collected with a view to attacking Tochi. Government troops under Brigadier General Vane engaged the natives at dawn on the 26th, repulsing them completely, killing 200 and wounding 300. A subsequent reconnaissance showed no trace of the band."

UNIFORM STATE LAWS MOVEMENT IS OPENED

Illinois Legislature Starts Move for Convention of State Senators for Better Statutes.

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ARREST PASSENGER OF LINER TOURAINE FOR STARTING FIRE

Raymond Swobody Held at Havre Charged With Attempt to Destroy Ship.—Hinted He Was In Kaiser's Employ.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Paris, March 31.—Raymond Swobody, one of the passengers aboard the French liner steamship La Touraine, which was imperiled by fire at sea on March 6, has been arrested charged with setting fire to the vessel, according to the Matin.

With this first arrest, is suspected of having "close relations with the enemy," and correspondence found in his room is said to indicate he had been charged with the task of blowing up the La Touraine. He has been sent to Havre.

Explosion Started Fire. Investigation made by experts appointed by Admiral Calhoun, who is conducting the inquiry into the steamship fire, has established, it is said, the fact that the blaze aboard the La Touraine must have been caused by the explosion of some detonating device.

Statements made by passengers and members of the crew support this theory. The explosion was sufficiently violent to wrench loose the doors of the ship, and the authorities believe the explosive had been placed with criminal intent in a trunk which was stored with the baggage of first class passengers in No. 2 hold.

With this first arrest, experts at hand, the state's attorney at Havre examined as many passengers as could be reached. The witnesses stated, according to the Matin, they were strong enough to do what he wants. This ship itself even before the explosion, had been placed in the war zone might be obliged to have recourse to the doctors and nurses aboard to care for the passengers.

Remark Considered Lightly. Only passing heed, however, was given to this assertion when it was made, but in view of subsequent events, it appears to the investigation attorney to have considerable importance.

The passenger in question who was quoted as having boasted of Germany's power was listed on the ship's record as "Raymond Swobody, 38 years of age, American subject, profession financier; destination, Paris." Commander Dubert, attached to the secret service department to the minister of the interior, undertook the task of tracing Swobody. He found the man was well known in Paris financial circles and had been connected with several more or less important transactions. He was supposed to be a Russian, for he often spoke of his family connections at Petrograd and in the Place de Rivoli, where he was arrested. When his room was searched the police declare a number of letters written in German were found, which seemed to point to him as the culprit.

Secretary Bryan Announces Today That Loan System of American Bankers Meets With Favor.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Washington, March 31.—The state department has not felt justified, Secretary Bryan announced today, in objecting to credit arrangements made with belligerent governments by American financiers in so far as they have been brought to the department's attention. Secretary Bryan said the department had taken no action and expressed no opinion on them.

Secretary Bryan issued this statement: The state department has from time to time received information directly to the effect that belligerent nations had arranged with banks in the United States for credit in various forms. The secretary department has been disappointed to believe that it has not felt that it was justified in interposing objections to the credit arrangements which have been brought to its attention. It has neither approved these nor disapproved, it is simply taking no action, and expressed no opinion.

Statement was asked if his department referred to large loans recently reported to be under negotiation in this country by the French, Russians and other belligerent governments. His statement referred that those negotiations as had been called to the department's attention.

COFFINS ON DOCKS READY TO RECEIVE SUBMARINE'S CREW

Divina Bell Prepared and Used Today. \$20,000 Appropriated for Work of Raising Craft.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Honolulu, March 31.—Grappling cables attached to a heavy object, believed today to be the lost submarine, were suspended for the night. The work was carefully marked and it was announced another attempt would be made early today to grapple the object. A large diving tube which has been hastily constructed, was completed last night. Twenty-one coffins have been delivered at the navy dock for the ill-fated crew of the F-4.

To Raise Boat. Washington, March 31.—Expenditure of \$20,000 to bring the sunken submarine F-4 to the surface in Honolulu harbor was authorized by Secretary Daniels today after a message had been received from Rear Admiral Moore saying that the hawser attached to the boat had parted and present equipment was too light to raise her.

SEA WANDERER ENDS 33,740-MILE JOURNEY

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Held for Trial: Jerry Murphy was held for trial by Judge H. L. Maxfield after his preliminary examination before the court late this morning. Murphy is charged with second offense of drunkenness and his case was set for April 8th. Three hundred dollars bail was required.

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MYSTERY SURROUNDS COALING OF BARGES AT VIRGINIA PORT

Marine Experts Still Continue "to Figure" That Raider Will Soon Make Dash.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.] Newport News, March 31.—Sixteen hundred tons of steam coal carefully weighed and inspected on barges at Sewards Point early today, was persistently reported in many quarters to be for the German cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, although port officials declare they had no knowledge of such barges being prepared for the German raider.

Marine experts strengthen their conclusions by calculating that 1,600 tons is about the amount which would be required to make the Prinz Eitel to her nearest home port. Coupling these circumstances with repeated declarations of the Eitel's commander and crew that they would make a dash to sea on a favorable opportunity, shipping circles are now speculating considering the possibility that the commander might make good his challenge to hostile cruisers outside the capes and make a dash on a dark or foggy night.

THIRTY-SIX GUILTY; THIRTY-TWO GO FREE

Four Iowa Plumber Are "Goats" for Remaining Number Convicted of Law Violation.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.] Des Moines, March 31.—Upon suggestion of Judge John C. Pollock of Kansas City, only four of the thirty-six master plumbers recently convicted in the federal court here of violating the Sherman anti-trust law were sentenced today. The remaining thirty-two were freed.

Plumbers' Union. The thirty-two who were freed were those of the Lincoln, Nebraska, and George H. Wentz of Lincoln, Nebraska, were fined \$500 and Robert Knauer of Des Moines and H. B. McCart of Dubuque, Iowa, were fined \$1,000 each.

Judge Pollock explained the motion for a new trial except in the case of E. O. Wilkerson of Kansas City, who was ordered discharged.

The case of the four sentenced men immediately will be appealed to a higher court. The court stated that if it passed sentence on only four men at the present time, the expense would be much less than if the court made it necessary for the entire 36 defendants to carry their cases up. Accordingly, the attorneys for the defense and the district attorney named the defendants to be sentenced.

NO U. S. OBJECTION TO FOREIGN CREDIT

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SUBMARINE SENT DOWN BY CRUISER

FRENCH WARSHIP CLAIMS TO HAVE SUNK ONE OF GERMAN UNDER-SEA TERRORS.

ANOTHER ENGLISH LOSS

Freight Steamer Bound for Capetown Latest Submarine Victim.—Crew Is Saved.—Germans Shell Baltic Port.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Paris, March 31.—A statement indicating that a German submarine may have been sunk by a French cruiser was given out today by the ministry of marine. It is as follows:

"Yesterday afternoon a French light cruiser sighted a German submarine maneuvering on the surface off Dieppe. The cruiser immediately gave chase, forcing the submarine to dive, firing meanwhile at the periscope and turning in order to ram it with the bow."

"The cruiser passed above the submarine at the moment the periscope disappeared, and from the spot where the submarine was last seen quantities of oil came to the surface."

English Vessel Sunk. London, March 31.—The Ellemann cargo steamer Flaminian with a general cargo from Glasgow to Cape Town, was sunk off the Sicily Isles Monday, March 29, presumably by a German submarine. The members of the crew were saved.

The Flaminian was of 2218 net tons. This is the same vessel reported sunk last night. Her name was not then known. She had 39 passengers on board. Her crew of 39 men were taken to the shore and landed at Holyhead.

Bombard Baltic Port. Libau correspondent of Reuter Telegram company sent a message saying that as a result of two bombardments of Libau by the German fleet, three warships were killed and seven wounded and fifteen homes were damaged. Telegraph wires also have been wrecked and the steamer Baltic in port sustained damage.

Activity at Dardanelles. A Reuter's dispatch from Constantinople via Berlin says the allied fleet has resumed its operations at the Dardanelles. Turkish aviators are taking daily reconnaissances.

AMERICAN LOST LIFE ON TORPEDOED LINER

U. S. Citizen Was on Ill-fated Falaba, English Boat Sunk Sunday By Submarine.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.] London, March 31.—

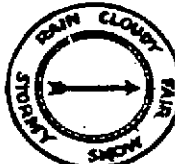
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Member of Audit Bureau of Circulations.
Member of Wisconsin Daily League.

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Three Months 1.00

One Year DELIVERED IN ROCK COUNTY \$3.00

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GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

GAZETTE FEBRUARY CIRCULATION

Sworn circulation statement of the Daily Gazette for February, 1915:

Copies	Copies
1. Total number of copies printed during the month	7543
2. Total number of copies distributed during the month	7543
3. Total number of copies sold during the month	7543
4. Total number of copies carried over from the previous month	7543
5. Total number of copies carried over from the previous month	7543
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13. Total number of copies carried over from the previous month	7543
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Total 180,991 divided by 24 total number of issues, 7541 Daily Average.

This is a correct report of the circulation of the Janesville Daily Gazette for February, 1915, and represents the actual number of papers printed and circulated.

H. H. BLISS, Mgr.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of March, 1915.

(Seal) O. C. HOMBARGER, Notary Public.
My commission expires July 28, 1916.

A BALFOURIAN DEFENSE.

Interest is manifest throughout the country as to the possible outcome of the prize courts relative to the ships of foreign nations taken in custody by the belligerent nations of Europe. The New York Globe comments on the statement by Arthur James Balfour, one of Great Britain's two living ex-prime ministers, who is reported to have a fondness for intellectual feasting and an aversion to being very much in a hurry. It has seemed at times as if Balfour must have had him definitely in view when he spoke of the tendency of the native hue of resolution to get sicklied over with the pale cast of thought. So it is in keeping with the Balfourian tradition to discover that Mr. Balfour, while defending the recent British Order in Council, does so tepidly and with a due sprinkling of "ifs," "buts," and other qualifying words.

Mr. Balfour, although disclaiming all responsibility for the acts of the Asquith government, which did not consult him, seems to admit that the so-called "blockade" because of the failure officially to proclaim it, does not strictly comply with international law. He justifies a measure which he thus concedes to have occurred on the ground that prior departures of Germany from international law gave a basis for retaliatory action. Whatever merits this defense may have it is not likely that Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, will welcome it in the exact form in which it is put forth. Mr. Balfour doubtless is animated by a desire to assist Sir Edward Grey, but it does not appear that he has done so.

As intelligent persons are more interested in the substance of things than in names it is not of much interest to the world whether the obstructive naval tactics that the British government has established is formally called a blockade or not. If it is a blockade in fact the failure to use the precise word is not material. If our government during the civil war, instead of proclaiming a blockade, had announced that it intended to station vessels in front of every southern port and would stop all neutral ships entering or coming out, it is probable our state department would have contended that a blockade had been in fact established of which the neutrals had been given due notice. Now, the British government has announced that it is maintaining a cordon of ships across the English Channel and the North sea in a way to bar access to German ports, and that ships to German ports, or carrying goods to Germany through neutral ports, will be seized. If this is not a blockade, an actual blockade within the definitions of international law, then what is it?

Examination of American precedents has shown that our prize courts have upheld the rightfulness of an extended blockade and have also upheld the right of our cruisers to prevent goods entering the blockaded country through neutral ports. In the Springbok case we condemned a cargo that was consigned to Nassau on the ground that it was proposed to send it from Nassau to the confederate states. It is thus difficult for us, having stopped indirect shipments ourselves, to object to their stoppage by others.

It further appears that it is difficult for us to insist that the British blockade shall be closer—that is, that the blockading squadron shall be maintained nearer to German ports. Admiral Stockton, our representative at the conference of 1909 and one of our foremost authorities on maritime law, formally gave notice, in connection with the adoption of the rule that blockades to be legal must be effective, that the United States was of the opinion that the radius of action in a blockade should be 1,000 miles. We cannot ask so large a radius of action for ourselves and deny it to others.

Why the British government refused from the use of the word "blockade" in its formal declaration is so far an unexplained mystery. But since, in official papers, it has used the word, and such subsequent use, taken in connection with the facts that a blockade was described and that this blockade is indubitably effective, seems not to leave much room for further debate.

PHILIPP'S PLAN.

Governor Philipp believes in putting everything on a business basis. He has even suggested to the state board of agriculture that they pay up all their old debts before they contract new ones. This is a good, sound idea and will be a saving to the state in the end. The hue and cry he has raised against the university, has sort of died down, but still the publicity campaign of President Van Hise, his speeches in various parts of the state in defense of his charge, are creating the opinion that perhaps there is something behind all the smoke that has clouded the university doings for some time past. It is not Governor Philipp's idea to start any revolution in handling state affairs, simply to put them on a business basis. He has taken his office on a business man's platform and he intends to instill into state affairs business principles.

CONVENIENT OPINION.

Attorney General Owen has handed down a convenient opinion relative to the right of students at colleges throughout the state voting at municipal elections, according to the opinion of the state supreme court in the case where the liquor question is to be voted on. According to Mr. Owen a student who is not a legitimate citizen of the community in which he seeks to vote can not do so. In Madison the "drys" had counted much on the student vote to aid them in making Madison dry and the same was true in Beloit. This decision alters matters and the result will be interesting to note.

SPRING CLEANING.

Now is the time for spring cleaning. Now is the time to rake the yards, to remove the debris of the winter. To clean up the ash pile and empty the array of tin cans that have accumulated. True, spring is delayed, but when it arrives it will come with a rush and then there will be no time for all these details. Do it now and avoid any epidemic of contagion from dirty spots that may exist. Do it now and prevent breeding places for flies. Spring cleaning is always in order, so get busy.

Those communications relative to the Y. M. C. A. continue to arrive. However, they are all one-sided as yet. There must be another view of the proposition that will be equally interesting.

China is certainly not asleep as some would make us believe. But if he is the amount of yelling that is going on must indicate the poor old chap is having an awful nightmare.

General Villas' lack of education saves him a lot of worry over not following the rules of warfare and respecting the sacred rites of the God of Battles.

German authorities still insist that the allies can never capture the Dardanelles. In fact they say the more ships that come the better they like it.

March is prepared to depart with a step and a hearty men and the old adage of "like a lamb, out like a lion," is again verified.

Europe is piling up great war debts and the United States is squeezing out the watered stocks and seeking to find a safe and sane sea level.

Brownsville, Texas, is paying the penalty of occupying an unscreened seat in the grandstand overlooking the war scenes.

Life around Newport News is far from dull as long as that German cruiser is lying about the harbor.

A Missouri wit would limit the hours of work on a farm and fix the prices to be paid for all commodities.

Spring probably has arrived, but it is so skillfully disguised that it can baffle recognition.

SNAP SHOTS

Give a man over 50 his choice of any one thing and he will select peace.

If it something you do not understand and can not grasp the probabilities are that it is art.

If a man is naturally inefficient and worthless, the possibility that he may be a weather prophet becomes a probability.

The influence of the diaphanous drapery is greatly overestimated. It isn't what a man sees, it is what is in his heart.

All the average fan expects of a ball player is perfect fielding and a home run every time he comes to bat.

Probably the poorest joke is the one the man from the city attempts to make at the expense of a small town.

A very beautiful theory is upset by the fact that some men are much worse than others.

A man's taste in music never changes much. He is always hoping the artist will give "Swanee River" or "Annie Laurie" as an encore number.

Every woman's estimate of the sex is confirmed by the fact that the devil is a man.

If you wish your flattery to stick, select a man as the mark for it.

Johnny's Distinction.
"Dear sir," wrote the anxious mother, "I am afraid Johnny is not trying enough."
"Dear Madam," replied the harassed teacher, "I assure you that Johnny is trying enough. He is the most trying boy in the class."—Stray Stories.

On the Spur of the Moment

ROY K. MOULTON

A "scrap of paper" lights the fuse; a scrap of flesh and iron next. Till not a scrap is left unscraped. Upon the scrap heap of our text. E. G.

Uncle Ezra Harkins sets a pile of store by his false teeth, which he sent to Chicago for and in order to make 'em last as long as possible and not wear 'em out at meal times he puts 'em in his pocket, puttin' 'em in his face again as soon as he has finished eating. Uncle Ezra got his teeth from a mail order house and he had to bit on a piece of putty and sent the impression of the interior of his face to the mail order house by express and the teeth got here the next day. They fitted him purty good excepting that he can't git his mouth shut and there is a gap of about a quarter of an inch. He said that he will let 'em stand until his face during the severe weather and give him the fluency or the pneumonia, but he has decided to run the risk and be stylish if it kills him.

Some Grammar:
A man smoking a cigar that had mushroomed soon after being set fire to was taking his walk abroad when the wife of a neighbor came out of a store and fell into step with him. He tossed the nicotine broom into the gutter, and made some observations about the weather.

"You needn't have thrown away your cigar," she said.
"I wouldn't walk with a lady smoking that cigar," he explained.
"A lady wouldn't smoke that cigar," she returned.

"I mean I wouldn't walk smoking that cigar with a lady."
"No more would a lady walk smoking that cigar with you."
"I wouldn't smoke that cigar walking with a lady."
"That cigar couldn't walk with a lady."

"Now do be reasonable," the man begged. "Let me say that that cigar smoking, I wouldn't."
"This is my corner," she interrupted. "Bring your wife up some evening and call on us."

Ten Favorite Authors.

We have received the following letter:

"Dear Sir: Will you kindly name your ten favorite authors, designating the various fields in which they shine? Sincerely,
"Mrs. L. N. Constantine, Mich."

Humor—Henry James.
Historical—Sarah T. Rorer.
Art—John T. McCutcheon.
Adventure—Lillian Russell.
Poetry—Julia A. Moore.
Science—James J. Corbett.

Religion—Elmer Hubbard.
Philosophy—Christy Mathewson.
Sporting—Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis.

Romance—Laura Jean Libby.
Domestic Science—Nat. C. Goodwin.

The ten greatest books are Sarah T. Rorer's Cook Book, Elbert Hubbard's essay on "Silence," "What to Do Before the Doctor Comes," the Bank Book, Rev. I. R. Hicks' almanac, "What to Feed the Baby," "Complexions I Have Met." That makes seven and the other three are "The Three Musketeers."

Enough to Rattle 'Em.
"I always get rattled when I see a woman crossing the street ahead of me," said the first motorist.

"So do I," replied the second ditto. "They wear such a lot of pins in their hats and hair that if a fellow collides with them he is almost sure to puncture a tire."

Fairy Dreams of Appetite

One Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet Will Enable One to Digest Any Meal, Any Time.

Make up your mind to go to your next meal with the desire to eat what you will and do it.



"Every Meal Smiles at Me Now Since I've Been Taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets."

After that meal take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet and fear no evil effects from the food you have eaten or it will be digested easily, quickly.

Then gradually fairy dreams of appetite will come back to you and in a short time the old romping appetite will return to you.

All druggists carry and recommend Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50c a box. Trial free by sending coupon below.

Free Trial Coupon
F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich. Send me at once by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Name _____
Street _____
City _____ State _____

Sold by
McCue & Buss
Druggists.

GUERNSEY SILOS ARE THE BEST TO BUILD

First cost is last cost They stand forever

Built of glazed hollow tile, steel re-enforced; they are proof against Moisture, Air, Sun, Wind, Fire, Heat, Cold and Time.

Scientifically correct and absolutely guaranteed.

Get our handsome free book, profusely illustrated.

F. B. BURTON

111 No. Jackson St.

Bees Carry Own Weight.
Five thousand bees will weigh a pound as they leave the hive, but when they return loaded with honey their weight is doubled.

ELECTRIC LIGHT BATH

For all Acute and Chronic troubles. Ladies and Gents' departments. Office hours 9:00 a. m. to 10:00 p. m. every day but Saturday. Closed Friday night and open Saturday night and all day Sunday.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS.
R. C. Phone Red 485. Bell Phone 938

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Written and publication authorized by John M. Gahagan, and to be paid for by him at 40c per inch.

Candidate for County Superintendent of Schools of Rock County at the election April 6, 1915.

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The Food-Drink for All Ages
Nourishing
Delicious
Digestible
All Foods and Cakes
Unless you say "HORLICKS" you may get a Substitute

Reputation and Character.
It is said that next to bravery the Ghoorka's most characteristic quality is his vanity—really the pride of achievement, because once he has won a position against the foe it is well nigh impossible to dislodge him. He simply must fight until he is knocked over or killed.

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If I Knew You and You Knew Me

If I knew you, and you knew me, this seldom we would disagree. But, never having yet clasped hands, both often fail to understand. That each intends to do what's right, and treat each other "honorably."

How little to complain there'd be, if I knew you, and you knew me. THEN let no doubting thoughts abide. Of firm good faith on either side; Confidence in each other give—Living ourselves, let others live. But any time you come this way That you will call me hope and pray. Then face to face, we each shall see. Then I'll know you, and you'll know me.

DR. F. T. RICHARDS
(Over Rehberg's)

Contempt of the Small Savings

Is what holds a great many people from the larger successes.

Some men make thousands of dollars a year and are always in debt. Others make hundreds and always have a surplus.

Our Savings Department, in which we pay 3% on all deposits, is designed for the conservation of funds.

The First National Bank

Established 1855.

Parlor Wall Papers

We have a beautiful line of Wall Papers for the Parlor; priced 10c to \$2.50 per roll. Cut out borders to match, 3c to 25c per yard.

C. W. Diehls

THE ART STORE.

26 West Milwaukee St.

Willet T. Decker

GOOD SPRING FUEL

A No. 1 Dry Oak Wood. Maple Flooring Ends. Both phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—Gas range, good as new. Inquire new phone 8226. 18-31-34.

FOR RENT—Ten-room house; perfect in modern excellent location. Inquire Mrs. J. Stern, phone 268. 11-31-31.

WANTED—Tobacco smokers; come ready to work. Bert Gower, 5-31-11.

FOR SALE—Barred Plymouth Rock eggs, E. B. Thompson strain, \$1 per pair. Frank Sadler, Court St. Bridge. 23-31-26.

UNWIDIE APPEARS IN BELOIT ASSAULT TRIAL

District Attorney S. G. Dunwiddie prosecuted the case against Joe Rati, a Sicilian, in the Beloit municipal court yesterday, charging the Beloit Italian with assault with intent to do great bodily harm. Rati pleaded guilty to the information of the District Attorney and was fined one hundred dollars and costs amounting to \$124.53, which was paid.

The trouble arose over an argument over a razor strap in a building owned by Sicilians on Shiloh avenue. When the Sicilian blood was heated to a fighting temperature over the argument a free-for-all resulted and of course the knives played a wicked part in the battle. Jake Barletta received severe wounds from the weapon of Rati and for a time it was thought he would not recover.

ALEXANDER TOUGHT SEEKS NATURALIZATION PAPERS

City Clerk J. P. Hammarlund this morning received a letter from St. Patrick Alexander, a tough, stating that he had lost his naturalization papers obtained in Janesville and could not get a job until he had them. The letter was turned over to the county authorities. After reading the letter City Clerk Hammarlund decided Alexander was not as "tough" as his name implied.

PATRICK FANNING LEAVES TO HAVE AN OPERATION

Patrick Fanning, night captain of the police department, left last night for Savannah, Missouri, for an operation. Fanning's health has been seriously threatened during the past month and his many friends hope for his recovery.

THE O. E. S. STUDY CLASS WILL MEET

April 1st, 1915, at Mrs. A. L. Wilcox, 24 Sinclair street, as hostess, assisted by Mrs. C. H. Weirick and Mrs. Peter L. Myers.

YE LAVENDER SHOP

312 MILWAUKEE AVE.
Beautiful cards for Easter, including the Copley Craft cards, Voland's and many others. Call afternoons and evenings.

TO TAKE OVER WATER WORKS ON THURSDAY

CITY COMMISSIONERS READY TO MAKE PAYMENT AND ASSUME MANAGEMENT.

ARRANGE ALL DETAILS

Take Inventory of Supplies and Material Owned By Company to Be Purchased in Addition to Plant.

Plans were completed Tuesday afternoon between the Janesville city council and W. G. Maxie, president of the Janesville water company for the transfer of the water plant to municipal ownership on Thursday. This transfer at three o'clock on Thursday of the water works and commission with the city commissioners started an inventory of the material and supplies of the water company for the purpose of preparing papers to submit to the board of public works for a valuation of the property that the city will purchase, as provided for under the purchase terms. The railroad commission at the time of its decision submitted a complete and detailed list of the supplies, equipment and material on hand, and estimated the price at about twenty-six hundred dollars. The inventory which will be completed at least a day's time is necessary to check up the supplies now on hand and their value, after which a hearing will be held before the state commission to determine the price the city shall pay the company. Besides the \$26,000 which is covered by a bond of eighty thousand dollars worth of bonds and the taking over of the present company's outstanding bonds.

Arrangements have been completed by the mayor and council for the delivery of the eighty thousand dollars worth of water works bonds to the Emery, Peck and Rockwood bond firm at Chicago tomorrow and the deposit of the money in a Chicago bank. Hereby the amount can be credited to the city treasurer, causing no delay in the payment of the obligation to the company. The change of the money through a correspondent bank in Janesville from the approval of the President Maxie, in the conference yesterday.

Operating Plans. The new board of public works, as organized under the ordinance passed yesterday, will be a legal body on April 1st. A meeting is expected to be held on this date, at which time the policy will be mapped out by the city council for the operating of the plant under municipal ownership. The present plans contemplate that the city will operate the plant for a period of a month or more at the present rate of the water company on North side, under which the office will be moved to the city hall.

On the day of the first meeting of the board of public works, or water commission, appointments will be made of the new employees. It is understood that the old employees will be retained as far as is necessary. There is but need for an engineer and bookkeeper and an outside employee, in the opinion of the council. The salaries will be fixed by the commission. The supervision of the plant will be under the board of public works and the working affairs of the plant will be in charge of the senior councilman, Roy Cummings.

After the transfer the council will consider the rate question and the system of operating the plant until rates are authorized by the state railroad commission. The governing of the plant is in the hands of the state railroad commission in accordance with state utility laws. The system of keeping records and reports being made at regular periods on printed forms that correspond with those of city-owned water works. The majority of the new equipment and equipment have been received by the city and will be used immediately. By remaining at the old office for a period of time it will result in mutual benefit for both the company and the city, the city to gain experience in handling the affairs, and the company to settle their accounts and straighten out their books.

Pass Ordinance. The ordinance to adopt provisions of sections 925-95 to 925-106 inclusive, of the Wisconsin statutes for 1912, was given its third reading and passed by the city council at the meeting held yesterday afternoon, before the conference with the water works officials on the transfer of the plant. The ordinance relating to the governing of the water works plant by the board of public works under the regulations and laws relating to public utilities, designating the power of the water commission.

Routine Business. The bills for the past two weeks for the city labor and material, amounting to \$13.42, was allowed and orders drawn for the payment from the various funds. The salaries for the city officials and employees, from the general and bond water funds, were allowed and orders signed. The application of H. J. Manthei to transfer the saloon license from 205 West Milwaukee street to George Rudersdorf, was granted by the council after consideration. The bonds of Rudersdorf were approved. This is the fifth saloon license that has been transferred by the council this year and each has been subject to investigation and approval of the authorities before the transfer is made. The following licenses are listed as being transferred: C. J. Flaherty to Simon Dorn, 20 North Main; V. Kerch to Adelen and Schneider to Bert Van Houten and William Boss; John C. Karberg to E. J. Bolger, and Joseph Croak to T. Abbott and T. Siegle. Cohen for a junk dealer's license was granted by the commission and the bonds signed by W. T. Flaherty and James Gardner were approved.

Profits Accepted. The profits or "blue prints" of the sanitary sewers to be constructed in districts number 5-10-11-14-15, as prepared by City Engineer G. V. Kerch, were approved by the council. The plans are for the following sewers: In sewer district No. 5, on Wall street, from the center of Madison to a point 225 feet west being 225 feet of 8-inch sewers, and 1 lamp hole in said sewerage district. In sewer district No. 10, on Glen street, from the center of Bluff street to the center of Hickory street to the south.

On Hickory street, from the center of Glen street to a point 450 feet west of 24th street, 225 feet of 12-inch sewers; 2 manholes and 1 lamp hole, in said sewerage district. In sewer district No. 11, on Carline street, from the center of Hyatt street to the center of Walker street.

On Fifth avenue, from the center of Walker street to a point 425 feet north being about 842 lineal feet of 8-inch sewers, and 2 manholes, in said sewerage district.

In sewer district No. 14, on East street, from the center of Oakland avenue to a point 400 feet north.

On Wisconsin street, from the center of Oakland avenue to a point 450 feet north, being 850 lineal feet of 8-inch sewers, 2 manholes and 2 lamp holes, in said sewerage district. In sewer district No. 15, on Garfield street, from the center of Racine street to a point 125 feet north of the center of Wall street.

On Forest Park boulevard, from the center of Garfield avenue to a point 440 feet north of the center of South Third street, being about 215 lineal feet of 8-inch sewers, 329 lineal feet of 10-inch sewers, 7 manholes and 2 lamp holes, in said sewerage district. The contract for eight thousand gallons of street oil, twenty percent more or less, was awarded to the Indian Refining company by the council, the commission authorized Mayor Maxie to sign the contract between the company and the city. The price stated was 3.09c for the light oil and 3.44c for the heavy oil, as compared to 4.30c and 4.40c last year. Last year seventy-eight thousand gallons were used and about the same amount is expected to be laid this year. This is the lowest price that the company would offer and is considered very favorable to the city.

ARTHUR B. DOE ON THE FIRING LINES

Son of General Joe B. Doe, a Former Janesville Resident, Writes of His Experiences.

From the firing line of the allies, where he is in charge of an ambulance, Arthur B. Doe, a son of General Joe B. Doe of Milwaukee, who was born in Janesville, a graduate of the university with the class of 1911, winner of the Rhodes scholarship and member of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity, writes of his interesting account of his work. At the outbreak of the war Mr. Doe left Oxford to take charge of an ambulance on the continent. The following is an extract from a letter written by him:

"I cannot tell you where I am at present, though I left Bologna some time ago. The work is very different and vastly less trying. The first patients here were two truck drivers, who had St. Vitus' dance in their right knees as a consequence of keeping the right feet on the accelerator pedal of their automobile for very long periods at a stretch, particularly in the rain and cold, when it is difficult to keep that knee properly covered."

"My next group were slightly wounded men, and on my third trip I took a poor Ghurka, who had lost four ounces of brains and was not likely to survive until the end of the journey. However, he was still breathing when we unloaded him."

"Yesterday I had the experience, for the first time, of seeing aeroplanes under shell fire. The surprising thing about it, the clanking of smoke from bursting shells remain visible so long. Several times three little clouds were visible at one time. The clouds here, I have been near enough to a battery to see the flashes of the guns."

"The weather has been simply beastly much of the time. Generally, the day is busy until time for tea; then it is too dark for work and immediately after dinner comes bed. The vicar was called out the other night at 1:30. I escaped and did not have my lights lighted since I came here."

Work Over 40 Miles. "We go on duty at 7:30 here, which is three-quarters of an hour later than home. A day's work is generally somewhat short of forty miles, but roads that are utterly beyond your comprehension. We passed a big truck yesterday, and the driver, who passed a touring car in the same difficulty. Constant streams of transports, which cannot turn out without serious delay, and the journeys of some of the wounded men, who are still going on a national highway."

Enjoy Comforts. "The army looks after us fairly well and my pay does for the time being. We are very comfortable, have a clean little house, things, good beds and modern bath. Things have been very quiet ever since we came here, though just before we arrived the cars worked 45 hours on a stretch. We expect to be very busy again after today. I talked to a German prisoner the other day. Yesterday I carried only ten people a very slack day. The vicar carried only 200 in the month of December, a very bad average."

WATCH FOR STOLEN MONEY ORDER FORMS OF PORTLAND.

Postal and Civil authorities have received warning from the Federal post office department that stolen money order forms, may be presented for cashing in Janesville, and the person tendering the orders should be apprehended. On the evening of February 2nd, the superintendent of the Portland, Oregon station, was held up by two armed men and the station robbed.

About \$587 in cash and stamps and blank money order forms for Station A-Portland—from No. 81861 to 82000, A-positive, were stolen. Five days later an unknown man with a driver's license passed through Denver, Colorado, with some of the stolen money order forms. The man stealing the forms is described as follows: Age 30 to 35 years, height about 5 ft. 9 inches, weight, 145 pounds, smooth face, black derby hat, light colored rain coat, plush collar, oval stick pin, Old Fellows' pin and a short tan colored overcoat and tan leather suit case. Local merchants if tendered any of these money order forms should notify the police department immediately.

Mary Dell Woodruff is the guest of friends in Chicago this week.

HOUSE ROOF TAKES FIRE BUT RESIDENCE IS SAVED

Sparks from a cracked chimney or from a passing locomotive lit the roof of the residence of Jacob Huber, 108 South Palm street, early this morning. A still alarm was sent to the department and the motor truck and horse drawn wagons were a lively race to the end of Chatham street. The truck won by four blocks and the firemen used the hand pumps to put out the blaze on the roof. Some damage was caused by the removal of shingles.

Shortly after twelve o'clock last night a false alarm was pulled from box number 47, at 4th and Ward streets, which caused much vexation to the department. The false alarm "April fool" jokes are not appreciated by the firemen.

Heaters as being made by Chief H. C. Klein on many of the alarm boxes which have been made defective during the winter.

When you think of insurance, think of C. P. Beers. Adv.

TO CONSTRUCT THREE CONCRETE HIGHWAYS

Will Lay Three Stretches of New Permanent Highways to Test Concrete Roadways For Traffic Roads.

Under the present plans there will be about one mile and a half of concrete highways to be constructed in Rock county and if successful will mean the adopting of a permanent type of roadways for traffic highways for the future. In the town of Turtle a half mile is to be built near to the Morgan farm, and which will be extended if the success warrants the improvement. Supervisors in the town of Beloit vote today on building a half mile of concrete road from Beloit city limits towards Afton, and there is a half mile of the new permanent material to be laid on the Janesville-Edgerton road from Edgerton towards Indian Ford.

If these concrete highways stand up under the heavy road traffic and show their value, it will undoubtedly mean that concrete will be adopted by the county board on many of the principal traffic roads and paved highways between the cities and villages in the county. This is not an improbability, for Rock county," said C. A. Moore, county highway commissioner.

One road that is of interest to Janesville roadways is proposed improvement on the Milton road, which is the main traveled road in the county. Improvements are expected to make over the plain macadam roadway from the city limits to the stretch, a short distance from the city limits, where good improvements have been made by the city. The city is intending to make permanent improvements on Milton avenue from St. Mary's avenue north, and a petition is being circulated among property owners at the present time.

"The value of the concrete highways is seen from the fact that the average cost of this type of road is around \$130 per square yard, while macadam costs from 70c to 80c. The cost of up-keep within a few years will offset the construction cost and the county will have an excellent road for the expenditure it will outlast macadam," declared Moore.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Florence Smith of 231 Racine street, who has been taking a post graduate course in the Woman's hospital in New York City, returned home last evening.

Charles E. Carle and Rufus Jeffris come home tomorrow from Howland, to spend their Easter vacation. Mrs. Martha Wolf and son, Fred, are spending a few days in Chicago.

F. E. Moore, of Milwaukee, is transacting business in Janesville today.

Memo Stamm of Milwaukee, is a business caller in this city today.

Miss Clara Pomeroy, who has been visiting friends in this city for the last month, left for her home in Chicago today.

Paul E. Matheson and Miss Marion Matheson are spending a few days in Chicago with friends.

O. F. Bremer of Madison, spent the day, Tuesday, in Janesville.

Charles E. Carle and Rufus Jeffris are spending a few days in Chicago with friends.

John Steward, of White-water, this week.

J. B. Nolan of Beloit is transacting business in this city today.

Miss Virginia Doschadis of Washington street, entertained a few of her friends at a luncheon party on Tuesday.

A. J. Beshaw of Rockford, who has been the guest of friends in town for a few days, has returned home.

Mr. H. S. Lovejoy, 58 Jackson street, entertained a young ladies' club of two tables today. A luncheon was served at one o'clock.

The Athens class met this afternoon at Library hall.

A. J. Cleveland left on Tuesday for Roscoe, Wis., where he will take charge of a bankrupt stock of merchandise.

Mrs. T. W. Nuzum and Miss Florence Nuzum of Milwaukee avenue, are spending a few days in Chicago.

Charles E. Carle and Rufus Jeffris are spending a few days in Chicago with relatives. She has been spending the past week in Chicago with Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Cunliff.

Miss Lela Williams of South Bluff street, has returned to Lawrence university at Appleton.

Miss Frances Jackman came home today from Girton Hall at Winnetka, to spend her Easter vacation.

Mrs. H. S. Lovejoy, 58 Jackson street, entertained a young ladies' club of two tables today. A luncheon was served at one o'clock.

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Going Out Of Business Sale Offering Un- heard of Bar- gains in High Grade Grocer- ies.

Everything To Be Sold at Cost or Less

We are going to leave the city on May 1st, and before going intend to close out our grocery business.

Every item in this stock must be sold out by May 1st. Nothing reserved.

Sale is for cash only. Phone your order at once. Buy now for future needs. We will receive no new goods during this sale; we close shop as soon as this stock is exhausted.

Sale starts tomorrow morning at 7:00 o'clock. Here are the prices:

All 25c Baking Powders, per can 17c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, package 7c
5c sack of Salt 3c
Canned Corn, regular 10c
sale price 6c
15c Corn, can 12c
15c Peas, can 11c
12c Peas, can 9c
All 5c Soaps and Washing Powders 4c
Old Times and Oriole Coffee, regular 30c, pound 22c
Richelieu Coffee regular 32c, pound 23c
Duchess Coffee, regular 32c, pound 22c
6c Argo Starch 4c
25c Argo Starch 17c
Noneuch Mince meat, package 7c
Instant Postum, 30c value, at 25c
Postum Cereal, 25c package, at 20c
2 Packages Toothpicks 5c
10c Can Condensed Milk 7c
All 10c Cans Spices 7c
15c Glass Peanut Butter 12c
at 10c
10c Glass Peanut Butter 8c
All 10c Bottled Goods 7c, including Olives, Pickles, Chowchow, Jellies, Jams, etc.
35c Jar Stuffed Olives 20c
30c Jar Jam 20c
30c Can Salmon 15c
25c Olive Oil 20c
All 30c Canned Fruit 20c, including Raspberry, Blackberry, Peaches, Apricots, Plums, Sliced Pine-apple, etc.
10c Rice, pound 6c
Navy Beans, pound 5c
Loaf Sugar, pound 5c
Pulverized Sugar pound 6c
All grades Brown Sugar, pound 5c
Best 50c Tea, pound 28c
Best 40c Tea, pound 25c
All grades Cookies and Crackers at cost.
100 bars Lenox Soap, at \$2.75
100 Bars Bob White Soap, at \$3.50
Case, 2 dozen cans Extra Fine Peas \$1.50
Heinz 10c Beans, can 7c

Continued next column

15c can Van Camp's Beans, can 12c
Juneau Brand Peas, can 11c
Van Camp's Hominy, can 7c
Crescent Brand Pumpkin, can 7c
25c Can Crisco 20c
50c Can Crisco 40c
Campbell's Soups, can 7c
Packaged Macaroni or Spaghetti 6c
Puffed Wheat, package 9c
Purity Rolled Oats package 7c
Grape Nuts, package 12c
Wheatena, package 11c
Extra Fine Carpet Brooms, 40c grade 32c
35c Wash Boards 28c
Karo Syrup, 10c and 12c cans 3c
35c Can Richelieu Syrup, at 25c
10c Jar Prepared Mustard, at 7c
7 Bells Velvet Toilet Paper, at 25c
20 Mule Team Borax 11c
Heinz Plum Pudding, 25c can at 15c
All grades 10c Vanilla, bottle 7c
15c Brands Vanilla, bottle at 12c
3 Packages Uneda Biscuit, at 10c
10c Package Old Times Buckwheat Flour 7c
10c Package Uncle Jerry's Pancake Flour 7c
All grades of Flour at cost
12c Can Tomatoes 8c
5c Can Condensed Milk at 3 1/2c
Walter Baker's Chocolate, pound 30c
10c Can Cocos 7c
Ammonia Blueing bottle 5c
Fancy Sliced Raisins, package 9c
English Currants, pkg. 9c
Sweet or Sour Pickles, dozen 7c
Heinz Dill Pickles doz. 10c
10c Grade Oil Sardines, can 7c
15c Grade Oil Sardines, can 11c
12c Can Mustard Sardines, can 9c
Extra Fine Potatoes, bushel 40c
Pure Cider Vinegar, gallon 15c
All grades Cheese, lb. 16c
Jell-O or Tryphosa, package 7c
10c Calumet Baking Powder at 7c
Old Dutch Cleanser, can 7c
Lewis Lye, can 7c
Electric Starch, pkg. 8c
15c grades Gelatine 11c
Richelieu Chili Sauce, bottle 15c
All 10c Cans Tobacco 8c
All 5c packages Tobacco 4c
Stoppensbach's Pure Lard, pound 13c
Bon Ami or Sapollo cake 7c
Arm & Hammer Soda, package 5c
Silver Gloss Starch, package 7c
Kingsford's Starch, package 7c
40c Can Monarch Coffee, at 30c
Best 35c Chocolates, pound 25c
All packages Gum 3c
We will be pleased to collect your outstanding account before we leave the city.

The above prices are good until we are completely sold out. Clip out this ad and save for reference.

BUNGARNER BROS.

Deliveries made to any part of city.

Both phones.

Could You Save Money Without Any Effort?

We think you can and this plan which we have devised and call the "Ready-Money Club" solves the above question. It is the simplest and best system yet devised for saving money without any appreciable effort on your part. "Ready-Money" is the greatest thing a man can have. Come in now and prepare to have some when you will need it.

—THE—
BOWER CITY BANK

You can own your own home easily by readily acting on the offers contained in Gazette Want Ads. Do it now.

HAVE ESSAY CONTEST FOR SCHOOL PUPILS

Pupils in the public schools of Janesville will be interested in an essay contest which is being conducted by the Wisconsin civil service commission on the subject, "The Merit System in Public Service," open to persons under twenty years of age attending Wisconsin public or private schools below the rank of college. Medals will be given to the best essays and one to a boy with a medal of lesser value for each of the three essays ranking next in order. Certificates of merit will also be presented to the schools attended by contestants winning the special medals, and to the county. The best essays from the state at large will be published in state papers. The length of essays is limited to 1,500 words, and must not be under 1,000 words, and the contest closes May 15. Notices have been sent from Madison to all school superintendents.

FAIR STORE

EASTER SALE
Second floor.

Women's new spring styles in patent leather pumps in the 3-bar pumps. The Colonial, the Valliere, at \$2.45.

Women's dress shoes the special shoes with cloth tops in gray, nigger brown or black, at \$2.45.

Women's patent leather button shoes with black cloth tops in plain or tipped toe, at \$2.45.

Women's gun metal button shoes in plain toe and high heel or medium heel and round tipped toe, at \$2.45.

Girls' patent leather button shoes, black cloth tops, also mat calf tops, at \$2.45 to \$3.50; 11 to 12 at \$1.95.

Young ladies' patent leather button shoes with black cloth tops, at \$2.45.

Girls' school shoes in vicid kid or gun metal at \$1.50 and \$1.95.

Boys' gun metal or vicid kid button shoes size 9 to 13, at \$1.50; 1 to 5 1/2 at \$1.95.

Boys' patent leather dress shoes, button style, at \$2.45.

Gun metal or tan calf skin, in button or lace style at \$2.45.

Men's calf skin work shoes in black or tan calf skin, at \$1.95 and \$2.45.

Little children's patent leather shoes with black cloth tops, also high tops with patent boxing, 5 1/2 to 8, at \$1.00.

Boys' knee pants in wool knickerbockers, at 50c.

Corsetry knee pants at 75c.

Boys' Norfolk suits with knee pants in blue, brown and gray mixed effects, age 8 to 17 years at \$2.45, \$2.95 and \$3.45.

Little boys' Eton wool suits in blue, gray and brown effect, age 4 to 8 years, at \$1.95.

Little boys' wash suits in the Oliver Twist and new midday blouse style, age 3 to 8 years; large assortment of colors, at 50c.

Boys' tapeless blouse waists at 25c.

Buy a Bond on the Easy Payment Plan

We will sell you a good six percent bond on the installment plan pay one half down and the balance in small monthly payments. This plan should appeal to the smaller investor.

THE ROCK COUNTY SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS.
F. H. Jackman, Pres.,
Geo. Thomas, Sec.

WOMAN'S PAGE

SIDE TALKS

By RUTH K. CAMERON

LABELING PEOPLE.

Give a dog a bad name and hang him.
Get a prejudice against a person and you'll find yourself eager to decry his most inoffensive. May more even his most praiseworthy acts.

When we once get the glass of our mental vision adjusted upon anyone at a wrong angle we see, not only the fault that first prejudiced us, but his every act in a distorted way.

Unreasonable Dislike.
I noted a particularly violent example of this tendency in myself the other day. I have a book which was given me by a very fine woman whom I have never been able to like. My aversion to her distresses me and yet I persist in my subconscious mind to try to banish it out of my conscious mind. She has never shown any unkindness to me and the only way I can account for my disagreeable feelings is that she has been over-praised to me. "Protect me from my friends, I can protect myself from my enemies," a philosopher once said. The best delicacy is spoiled when it is rammed down one's throat.

To return to the main road—the other day I caught that book in a mistake and at once I found myself blaming its unoffending donor and thinking "that's just like her," though why, I don't know, for she never makes mistakes.

Indeed I should never dare confess it, if I didn't think that this attitude of being ready to pick upon anyone for whom we have conceived a prejudice, was almost universal.

Even the Sweetest Woman I Know Has This Fault.
The very sweetest woman I know takes these unaccountable dislikes sometimes and lets them distort her vision.
She conceived one for a young person whom I have recently been able to help in a small way, and became quite indignant at me for putting myself out for her. "Why should you do that for her?" she says. "What claim has she on you?" And yet the sweetest lady I know is always putting herself out for others, and would (with reason) think me very selfish if I had refused to do this small favor if it had been asked of me by anyone else.

Tying People to Their Faults.
Let any person become associated in your mind with some particular fault, selfishness, meanness, or what not, and you will find yourself accounting for all sorts of inoffensive acts of theirs, acts which in another would arouse no criticism, by the dominant fault. For instance, I know a woman whom we all consider a bit of a snob. The result of this opinion is that if she fails to see some acquaintance on the street, or if she sends a beautiful gift to some wealthy friend, we at once conclude it is a manifestation of her snobbishness, although the same act committed by another might be uncriticized.

To some extent this is inevitable. She has taught us to look for that motive and we see it everywhere, which is natural if not just.
If you want to be just, beware of this habit. There is good and bad in all of us. No one is wholly good or wholly bad or cowardly or mean all the time. You can't like a person against your will, but you can bring yourself up short whenever you find yourself anyone an injustice.

Household Hints

CHEESE RECIPES.

Cottage cheese salad makes a wholesome and seasonal dish.

Take one pound of cottage cheese, mix with cream, salt and pepper; arrange on lettuce leaves.

Cut up small stalks of green onions and small stalks of celery if you have any, scatter over the top of the cheese, dash with paprika.

Serve with mayonnaise dressing. Here is a recipe for mixed salad, which is very tasty, keeps well in a cool place and is splendid for sandwiches.

One-quarter pound grated cheese, yolks of two hard-boiled eggs, creamer with one dessertspoon butter, one-half teaspoon each of salt, mustard and pepper; then add sufficient vinegar to make a creamy mixture. Mix well.

WORTH KNOWING.
Self Adjusting Drawers—Cut back 1 1/2 inches longer than pattern, to allow for hem. Fasten three-fourths yard elastic ribbon, fasten ends in one end and draw through hem; fasten in front to desired belt size. Does not need to be fastened until garment is laundered. Advantages: The elastic may be run into buttonholes or bands of drawers already made.

Easy Way to Clean Hair, rid it of the housecleaning dust and make it soft and fluffy—Take white of an egg, beat it very stiff, rub well into scalp and let remain there while you go about your work. In a short time it will dry. Take a good brush and give your hair a thorough brushing. The white dust will fly and your brush will need cleaning often. You will be surprised how fresh, fluffy and clean your hair will appear, and how easily and nicely you can arrange it.

TO MAKE A SMALL GIRL HAPPY.
This never fails in making a small girl happy.
First, collect old fashion books and sheets (which you can get from any dressmaker or store), then ask the little one which girl or lady she likes best—one that is pretty colored, one that is white, one that is blue, one that is red, one that is green, one that is yellow, one that is brown, one that is black, one that is white, one that is blue, one that is red, one that is green, one that is yellow, one that is brown, one that is black.

UP-TO-DATE RECIPES.
Deviled Fish—Two pounds had-dock, one cup cream sauce, one teaspoon Worcestershire sauce, two tablespoons grated onion, two tablespoons chopped parsley, teaspoon salt, one-fourth teaspoon paprika, one teaspoon bacon drippings, one-half cup bread crumbs. Scale fish, boil twenty minutes, drain; when cold, remove all skin and bone. Put

COMB SAGE TEA IN LIFELESS, GRAY HAIR

If Mixed with Sulphur It Darkens so Naturally Nobody can Tell.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and abundant with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, ready to use, for about 50 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, itchy scalp and falling hair. A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and abundant.

ARE YOU A MEMBER OF THE X-RAY RACE?

Dallas, Texas, Lady Says That a New Race is Beginning to Appear in U. S.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]
Dallas, Texas, March 31.—A new race of men is beginning to appear in America, according to Miss Annie McQueen, a theosophist lecturer. This race, she asserts, will have the sixth sense; that is, will be able to live consciously in the "astral body" and the "physical body" at the same time.

time and while in normal condition in everyday life. For example, this new race will be able to look through objects as an X-Ray does.

Miss McQueen gave the following interesting explanation of the relation of birth to environment.
"In seeking reincarnation the ego looks for a suitable environment. All the savages are not South Africa. They find a congenial environment in the slums of our cities and appear there instead of in the wilds of heathen lands. So long as our cities tolerate slums they must expect that they will attract savages."

Origin of Auction Sales.
Auction sales originated in ancient Rome, and were introduced to enable soldiers to dispose of spoils of war.

There is no place you can dispose of anything as quickly and cheaply as through a classified ad. Try it and be convinced.

Animal Jingles

FOR LITTLE FOLK

BY ALICE CLINE GALL

WHAT ARE YOU LIKE?
What animal are you most like?
Just stop and think of it.
Are you a child whom no one likes
To have around a bit?
And is your temper very quick,
Do you speak stingingly?
If so, I say that you are like
A surly Bumble-Bee.

OR

It may be you're the kind of child
That chatters all day through,
Till all your family and your friends
Are tired of hearing you.
If when they beg you to be still,
You keep on talking, I
Would say that you are very like
The chattering Magpie.

(Copyright 1915 by The Central Press Association.)

Heart and Home Problems

Dear Mrs. Thompson: (1) Do you think that the roller rink is a proper place for young girls to go. I want to go skating and the girls at school say that the rink is a very nice place. I go there to basket ball games on Saturday night, but I do not skate and it doesn't seem like a tough place. I was going down to the rink with a girl thought I would wait and ask your advice about going.

(2) If we go should we go with someone who knows how to skate or should we teach our selves?
(3) I am only fifteen years old and every time I go to a rink I see a boy I know I like, but I don't think he likes me. When I meet him on the street whether he is alone or with his friends or alone, he always tips his hat and speaks. But at the rink when he sees me he never speaks. Do you think I ought to speak back or not?

I know I like, but I don't think he likes me. When I meet him on the street whether he is alone or with his friends or alone, he always tips his hat and speaks. But at the rink when he sees me he never speaks. Do you think I ought to speak back or not?

(1) The roller rink is not the place for fifteen-year-old girls, unless accompanied by much older persons. Although a roller rink is not necessarily a bad place, a girl injured by a skating accident, by going there unchaperoned at night. Public sentiment hits things about right, and as girls at school think the rink is not a proper place to go, stay away.

(2) With someone who knows how to skate. It would be dangerous to teach ourselves.

(3) Do not speak to him. He is only trying to flirt with you.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am twenty-two years of age and I have been keeping company with a young man of twenty-seven. He sent me a love letter.

Madam Morton had brought her little girl to wear a church dress. She had a wide lace collar around her neck and fluffed her hair about her face. The old lady underwent the dressing operation as solemnly as if she were being prepared for a funeral. The little wife was very appreciative of the success of her party with this hostile element suddenly injected into it, but Dick agreed to take charge of the old lady. Nell had no planned to play, so one of them could be spared from the card tables.

Madam Morton took a fancy to Mrs. Parsons at once and that tactful lady got Dick to take her place while she "rested" and talked with his mother. Miss Randolph tried to be very agreeable, but was frozen into silence and withdrew discomfited. His mother remarked to Dick that evening that of all the unspeakably silly girls she had ever seen, Miss Randolph was the worst. Adding, "I am thankful, Dick, you didn't marry her." This doubtful compliment Nell took as a sign that she was gaining in favor.

Sunday morning the mother had announced that she was going to church, and opined that people who spent Saturday afternoon playing cards were not of the same caliber as church ministrations.

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

To Get The GENUINE, Call For The Full Name

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Used The World Over to Cure a Cold in One Day

Whenever you feel a cold coming on think of the full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for this signature on the box. Price 25 cents.

WINS AFFECTION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE



Mrs. James W. Gerard.

Mrs. James W. Gerard, wife of the American ambassador in Berlin, is one of the other women of the American colony in Berlin who are giving their time and money freely to alleviate the sufferings of the poor since the beginning of the war, have become objects of deeply affectionate regard to the native Germans. The Kaiser in his recent call upon Mrs. Gerard thanked her on behalf of the German people.

Father's Feeling.
"Your father seems to look upon me with disfavour." "Not exactly that. More like curiosity."—Buffalo Express.

Sure winners—the Gazette want ads.; read them and use them.

Hemo Is More Than a Malted Milk

It contains all the food values of malted milk and in addition has strengthening beef juice and blood building hemo-globin.

It is a greater, concentrated nourishment for weak systems. 50c at all drug stores. Write for literature sample. Thompson's Malted Food Company, Waukegan, Wis.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I have a son nineteen years of age. He never gets up in the morning and when I say something he gets ugly. And he does things about his reputation that I have never done anything wrong and have tried to raise him to be a man. He will not listen to any good advice, but he listens to everybody outside of home, and they try to make fun of him. When people have made trouble, he does not blame them for it. He thinks that he can better me in every way, because he keeps every cent he earns. He says such mean things to me that I can hardly stand it. What can I do to keep him away from people who make a game of him?

I think you need legal advice. Go to juvenile court and talk the matter over with the judge. It will not gain publicity.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I have so often heard that when hair starts falling and leaves a bald spot there is no way of getting back hair. I have spent considerable money every cent for tonics and also have tried some of your remedies, but they did not seem to help any. I am a man of twenty-six and if there is any help for me I would surely like it. I am troubled very much with dandruff.

A DAILY READER.
Your scalp needs more than a tonic. It needs very careful treatment. If you follow quiet hair care directions in her book, "How to Care for the Hair at All Times," you can get rid of the dandruff, stop the hair falling and prevent baldness.

LITTLE OPPOSITION IN WAR ON ABSYNTHE

Dealers in France Only Want Imbursement for Supplies That Will Be Destroyed.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Paris, March 31. (By Mail to New York).—Suppression by parliamentary action of the sale of absynthe is not setting France agog.

The retail liquor dealers are making no opposition, insisting only that the government reimburse them for the loss of their stocks on hand. These alone amount to some 5,000,000 litres, valued at \$6,000,000, this figure including the duties already paid by the government on the liquor. The dealers say they will accept treasury bonds for that amount.

The suppression of the sale which has left a terrible trail of mental and physical wreck behind it in France is one of the direct results of the war. A temporary suppression as a precautionary war measure met with little universal approval, and so little opposition owing to the state of war, that the fighters of the inside liquor saw their opportunity for pushing their fight onto the floors of parliament.

M. Henri Schmidt, appointed by the Chamber of Deputies, to draw up a report on the proposed suppression law, presented startling figures on the havoc wrought by absynthe in France. The liquor he stated is the most highly alcoholized of all drinks—it contains from 55 to 72 percent of alcohol besides strong essences that make it particularly harmful.

Out of 944 cases of delirium tremens examined, 1,625 were found due to absynthe alone. The same investigation shows that where beer produces one case of delirium tremens, absynthe produces 4, 4.4, alcohol, 77, liquors 148, and absynthe 170, absynthe is responsible for 246.

Paris has just adopted additional regulations for the conduct of Parliament "when the Zeppelins come." First of all, the Parisians are to be warned. The moment the military authorities know of a raid is on way, the firemen and the city guards will pass through the streets blowing bugles. If the bugles blow in the day time, everybody outside will immediately get inside and stay there till the "Zeppelins" leave. School teachers especially will see to it that they get the children into the school houses and then conduct them safely home when the trouble is over.

body already being inside were required by earlier regulations, they will merely put out any lights that may still be burning and go to bed. The new regulations will work out has already been demonstrated. The test was made at the suburb of Neuilly on the outskirts of Paris. The bugles blew at 10 o'clock at night.

Instantly, every lamp that was extinguished was at once relighted. Every door and window that was shut was instantly opened, and as the raid was on the streets the moment the bugles blew, everybody there as soon as possible. They wanted to see the "Zeppelins" and were bitterly disappointed when told that there were no Zeppelins and that they were pinched if they didn't get back in their houses at once, shut the doors and windows put the lights out, and go to bed.

Paris is anxiously awaiting a new act of regulation.

Since the beginning of the war 9,000 of the Austrians and Germans who were being held in the French concentration camps have been allowed to return home. They were all

either women or children or men over 60 years of age. In the 56 concentration camps now being maintained in France there are still 17,000 of these Austrians and Germans. Practically all of them were residents of France when the war broke and failed to take advantage of the brief interval of time given by France for them to leave the country.

Can't Get Away From It. Even a tightwad sometimes gives himself away.

The Real Winner. The man who really wins in a law suit is the lawyer.—Aitchison Globe.



What military defense?

By The Mother of Seven Children. Mrs. G. Justus, of Jersey City, says Father John's Medicine always cures her seven children when they are run down in health or have a cold or cough. "We always recommend it to everybody." (Signed) Mr. and Mrs. G. Justus.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!

You should give your children Father John's Medicine when they have a cold or are run down, because it is a pure and wholesome food medicine which will give them strength to fight off the disease. Father John's Medicine is a safe medicine for children because it contains no alcohol nor dangerous drugs.

If you have any difficulty in securing Father John's Medicine, write to Father John's Medicine, Lowell, Mass., enclosing \$1.00 for a large bottle by express prepaid.

Silk Petticoats For Easter South Room
J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.
Easter Blouse Novelties North Room

There Are Only Three More Days In Which to Complete Your Easter Shopping

Begin tomorrow. The Big Store is splendidly ready to supply all your wants.

An Elaborate Showing of Women's Handsome Suits, Coats and Dresses for Easter.

In all of the new season's most approved styles, in all the new fabrics and in a complete range of fashionable colors. Spring garments that are up to the minute in every style detail, and at prices you will be pleased to pay. Whatever your ideas may be regarding the correct price to pay for a suit, we would like you to see these specially featured here

at \$12, \$14, \$15, \$18 and \$20

OTHER BEAUTIFUL MODELS

at \$25, \$27 and up to \$50.00

SPRING COATS, a wonderful collection of fine quality spring coats in plain and novelty mixtures.

Also HANDSOME WHITE COATS in all the popular weaves. Prices range from \$3.00 to \$25.00

Easter Styles In Gowns

ON OUR THIRD FLOOR. Our remarkable display of handsome Gowns and Dresses, in a magnificent range of new spring colorings and new spring materials will appeal to fastidious dressers.

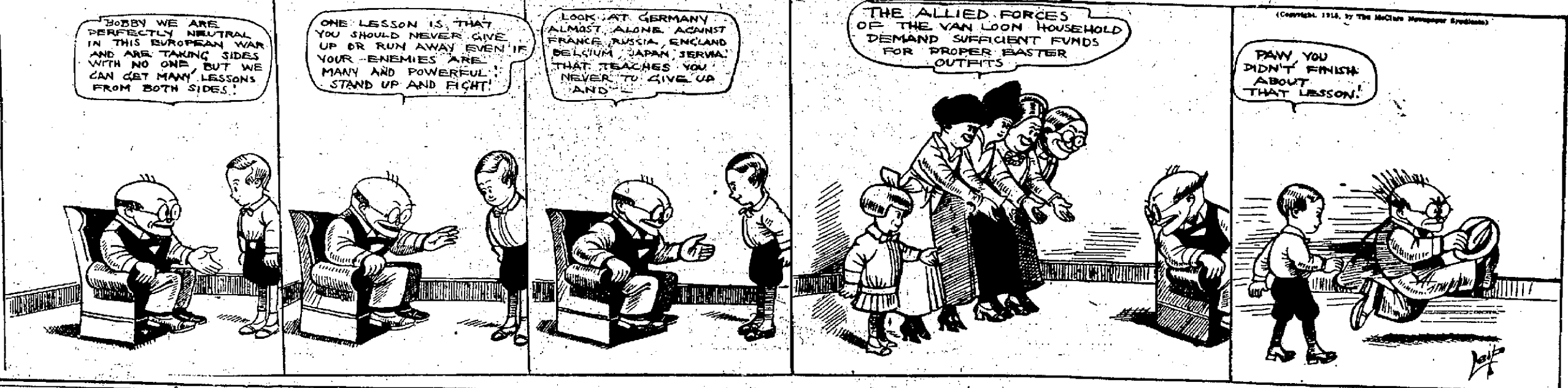
WOOL DRESSES from \$5.95 to \$18.00

SILK DRESSES from \$12.00 to \$50.00

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—Of Course There Are Exceptions to Almost Every Rule

BY F. L. HANCOCK

(Copyright 1914, by The McClure Newspaper Syndicate)



THE GERMAN WOUNDED.

Berlin, Mar. 31. (By wireless to Louisville, L. I.)

The Germans are terrifically systematic about their care of the wounded. All their men found on the battlefield receive a "first aid dressing." Each is tagged with a card, which indicates whether he is badly hurt or not. From the battlefield, the wounded men are taken to the field hospitals or to headquarters. A man may be badly wounded and yet be back on the firing line in three months. Good pure blood is what helps the soldier through his wounds heal easily after antiseptic dressings. It is well for everybody to put the blood in good order. Don't trifle with health! Its too precious a possession.

It is trifling to neglect the little every day kind of ailments. It is trifling too, to take medicines of unknown or doubtful ingredients. If your stomach gets out of order, your food is not digested and, of course, your blood gets thin and you become weak, ready to be a prey to the disease germs, always ready to attack the run-down and the anemic. If your liver can't do its work, your blood becomes impure and many troubles follow. If your bowels are irregular, poisons accumulate in your body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (in tablet or liquid form) helps the stomach, to digest food properly, strengthens the liver, regulates the bowels. As a consequence you are vigorous, full of snap and life! Fifty years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that a glyceric extract of Golden Seal and Oregon grape root, of queen's root and bloodroot with black cherry bark would aid all the digestive organs to work as Nature intended they should. Thousands have found that the "Golden Medical Discovery" he then introduced to the world has restored them to health when suffering from stomach, and liver troubles. Now is the time to try this famous remedy. Advertisement.

Citizenship.

Loyalty no longer consists in meeting the ordinary responsibilities in citizenship, or even in manifesting willingness to surrender life in a time of peril. Citizenship has, like all life itself, become exceedingly complex; and the man can be the right kind of citizen only as he realizes that every thought and every act of his life must bear a conscious relation to society and to the well-being of the people.

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.

This is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel. Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

When you get the "key-note" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels to move and act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box, all druggists. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

Climate Failed; Medicine Effective

Sufferers from Tuberculosis often find these medicines will not help them. Fresh air, regular diet and good food aid in restoring health, but more often needed. Many have been restored to health by Eckman's Alternative. Read this:

"Gentlemen—Through your instrumentality I have been saved from a premature grave. On December 14, 1904, I was taken with a phlegm pneumonia, which developed into Tuberculosis (bacilli were found). In February, 1905, I went to Fort Worth, Texas, and later to Canon City, Colorado. After being there two weeks my phlegm was so bad that I was unable to walk. I was informed that my case was hopeless. Three weeks later I returned home, weighing 105 pounds, the doctor having given me no assurance of reaching there alive. On July 14, 1908, I began taking Eckman's Alternative. I was able to walk. Now I am stout and well and can do any kind of work about my grain elevator." (Abbreviated.)

ARTHUR WEBB, Eckman's Alternative is most efficacious in bronchial catarrh and severe throat and lung affections and up-building the system. Contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Accept no substitutes. Small size, 31; regular size, 32. Sold by druggists. Write for booklet of recoveries.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.

Sold by Smith Drug Co., McCue & Burr and People's Drug Co., in Janesville.

BLACK IS WHITE
BY GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

COPYRIGHT, 1914, BY DODD, MEAD AND COMPANY

"You mean—the promise—but, Fred, I can't release you. I love you."



For a Second or Two He Stood as if Petrified.

will be your wife, no matter what has happened, no matter—
"Oh, Lord, Lydia!—it isn't that! It's the other—the promise to say nothing to my father!"

"Oh—!" she sighed weakly, a vast wave of relief almost suffocating her.

"He has made it impossible for me to go on without—"

"Where are you, Frederic?" she cried, in sudden alarm.

"Oh, I'm all right. I shan't go home, you may be sure of that. Tomorrow will be time enough."

"Where are you? I must know. How can I reach you by telephone?"

"Don't be frightened, dear. It's got to be, that's all. It might as well be ended now as later on. The last straw was laid on tonight. Now, don't ask questions. I'll see you in the morning. Good-night, sweetheart. I've—I've told you that I can't stick to my promise. You'll understand. I couldn't rest until I'd told you and heard your dear voice. Forgive me for calling you dear. Tell your mother I'm sorry. Good-night!"

"Freddie, listen to me! You must wait until I—Oh!" He had hung up the receiver. She heard the whirr of the open wire.

There was little comfort for her in the hope held out by her mother as they sat far into the night and discussed the possibilities of the day so near at hand. She could see nothing but disaster, and she could think of nothing but her own lamentable weakness in shrinking from the encounter that might have made the present situation impossible. She tried to make light of the situation, however, prophesying a calmer attitude for Frederic after he had slept over his grievance, which, after all, she argued, was doubtless exaggerated. She promised to go with Lydia to see James Brood in the morning, and to plead with him to be merciful to the boy who was to marry, no matter what transpired. The girl at first insisted on going over to see him that night, notwithstanding the hour, and was dissuaded only after the most earnest opposition.

It was four o'clock before they went back to bed and long after five before either closed her eyes.

Mrs. Desmond, utterly exhausted, was the first to awake. She glanced at the little clock on her dressing-table and gave a great start of consternation. It was long past nine o'clock.

While she was dressing, the little maid servant brought in her coffee and toast and received instructions not to awaken Miss Lydia but to let her have her sleep out. A few minutes later she left the apartment and walked briskly around the corner to Brood's home.

Fearing that she might be too late, she walked so rapidly that she was quite out of breath when she entered

the house. "Mr. Riggs and Mr. Dawes were putting on their coats in the hall preparatory to their short morning constitutional. They greeted her affably, and with one accord proceeded to divest themselves of the coats, announcing in one voice their intention to remain for a good, old-fashioned chat.

"It's dear of you," she said, hurriedly, "but I must see Mr. Brood at once. Why not come over to my apartment this afternoon for a cup of tea and—"

Mrs. Brood's voice interrupted her. "What do you want, Mrs. Desmond?" came from the landing above. The visitor looked up with a start, not so much of surprise as uneasiness. There was something sharp, unfriendly in the low, level tones.

Yvonne, fully dressed—a most unusual circumstance at that hour of the day—was leaning over the banister rail.

"I came to see Mr. Brood on a very important—"

"Have you been sent over here by someone else?" demanded Mrs. Brood.

"I have not seen Frederic," fell from her lips before she thought.

"I dare say you haven't," said the other with ominous clearness. "He has been here since seven this morning, waiting for a chance to speak to his father in private."

She was descending the stairs slowly, almost lazily, as she uttered the remark.

"They are together now?" gasped Mrs. Desmond.

"Will you come into the library? Good morning, gentlemen. I trust you may enjoy your long walk."

Mrs. Desmond followed her into the library. Yvonne closed the door almost in the face of Mr. Riggs, who had opened his mouth to accept the invitation to tea, but who said he'd "be d—d" instead, so narrow was his escape from having his nose banged.

He emphasized the declaration by shaking his fist at the door.

The two women faced each other. For the first time since she had known Yvonne Brood Mrs. Desmond observed a high touch of color in her cheeks. Her beautiful eyes were alive with an excitement she could not conceal. Neither spoke for a moment.

"You are accountable for this, Mrs. Brood," said Lydia Desmond's mother, sternly, accusingly. She expected a storm of indignant protest. Instead, Yvonne smiled slightly.

"It will not hurt my husband to discover that Frederic is a man and not a milkmaid," she said, but despite her coolness there was a perceptible note of anxiety in her voice.

"You know, then, that they are—that they will quarrel?"

"I fancy it was in Frederic's mind to do so when he came here this morning. He was still in his evening clothes, Mrs. Desmond."

"Where are they now?"

"I think he has them on," said Yvonne, lightly.

Mrs. Desmond regarded her for a moment in perplexity. Then her eyes flashed dangerously. "I do not think you misunderstood me, Mrs. Brood. Where are Frederic and his father?"

"I am not accustomed to that tone of voice, Mrs. Desmond."

"I am no longer your housekeeper," said the other, succinctly. "You do not realize what this quarrel may mean. I insist on going up to them before it has gone too far."

"Will you be so good, Mrs. Desmond, as to leave this house instantly!" cried Yvonne, angrily.

"No," said the other quietly. "I suppose I am too late to prevent trouble between those two men, but I shall at least remain here to assure Frederic of my sympathy, to help him if I can, to offer him the shelter of my home."

A spasm of alarm crossed Yvonne's face. "Do you really believe it will come to that?" she demanded, nervously.

"If what I fear should come to pass, he will not stay in this house another hour. He will go forth from it, carrying James Brood with all the hatred that his soul can possess. And now, Mrs. Brood, shall I tell you what I think of you?"

"No, it isn't at all necessary. Besides, I've changed my mind. I'd like

you to remain. I do not want to mystify you any further, Mrs. Desmond, but I now confess to you that I am losing my courage. Don't ask me to tell you why, but—"

"I suppose it is the custom with those who play with fire. They shrink when it burns them."

Mrs. Brood looked at her steadily for a long time without speaking. The rebellious, sullen expression died out of her eyes. She sighed deeply, almost despairingly.

"I am sorry you think ill of me, yet I cannot blame you for considering me to be a— I'll not say it. Mrs. Desmond, I wish I had never come to this house."

"Permit me to echo your words."

"You will never be able to understand me. And, after all, why should I care? You are nothing to me. You are merely a good woman who has no real object in life. You—"

"No real object in life!"

"Precisely. Sit down. We will wait here together, if you please. I—I am worried. I think I rather like to feel that you are here with me. You see, the crisis has come."

"You know, of course, that he turned one wife out of this house, Mrs. Brood," said Mrs. Desmond, deliberately.

Something like terror leaped into the other's eyes. The watcher experienced an incomprehensible feeling of pity for her—she who had been despising her so fiercely the instant before.

"He will not turn me out," murmured Yvonne, and suddenly began pacing the floor, her hands clinched.

"Good heaven!" fell from Mrs. Desmond's white lips.

Yvonne seemed to have paused to catch her breath. Her breast heaved convulsively, the grip of her hands tightened on the arms of the chair. Suddenly she resumed her recital, but her voice was hoarse and tremulous.

"I was terribly frightened. I thought of calling out to Jones, but I—I had no voice! Ah, you have never seen two angry men waiting to spring at each other's throats, Mrs. Desmond. My husband suddenly regained control of himself. He was very calm. 'Come with me,' he said to Frederic. 'This is not the place to wash our filthy family linen. You say you want something to be proud of. Well, you shall have your wish. Come to my study. And they went away together, neither speaking a word to me—they did not even glance in my direction. They went up the stairs. I heard the door close behind them—away up there. That was half an hour ago. I have been waiting, too—waiting as you are waiting now—to comfort Frederic when he comes out of that room a wreck.'"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"I'd Like You to Remain."

Stopping abruptly in front of the other woman, she exclaimed: "He made a great mistake in driving that other woman out. He is not likely to repeat it, Mrs. Desmond."

"Yes—I think he did make a mistake," said Mrs. Desmond, calmly. "But he does not think so. He is a man of iron. He is unbending."

"He is a wonderful man—a great, splendid man," cried Yvonne, fiercely. "It is I—Yvonne LeStrange—who proclaim it to the world. I cannot bear to see him suffer. I—"

"Then why do you—"

Mrs. Brood flushed to the roots of her hair. "I do not want to appear unfair to my husband, but I declare to you, Mrs. Desmond, that Frederic is fully justified in the attitude he has taken this morning. His father humiliated him last night in a manner that made forbearance impossible. That much I must say for Frederic. And permit me to add, from my soul, that he is vastly more sinned against than sinning."

"I can readily believe that, Mrs. Brood."

"This morning Frederic came into the breakfast room while we were having coffee. You look surprised. Yes, I was having breakfast with my husband. I knew that Frederic would come. That was my reason. When I heard him in the hall I sent the servants out of the dining-room. He had spent the night with a friend. His first words on entering the room were these—I shall never forget them: 'Last night I thought I loved you, father, but I have come home just to tell you that I hate you. I can't stay in this house another day. I'm going to get out. But I just wanted you to know that I thought I loved you last night, as a son should love a father. I just wanted you to know it.' He did not even look at me, Mrs. Desmond. I don't believe he knew I was there. I shall never forget the look in James Brood's face. It was, as if he saw a ghost or some horrible thing that fas-

Rexall
"93" Hair Tonic
stops the hair from falling out
Smith's Pharmacy.

minated him. He did not utter a word, but stared at Frederic in that terrible, awestruck way. 'I'm going to get out,' said Frederic, his voice rising. 'You've treated me like a dog all my life and I'm through. I shan't even say good-bye to you. You don't deserve any more consideration from me than I've received from you.' I hope I'll never see you again. If I ever have a son I'll not treat him as you've treated your son. By God, you don't deserve the honor of being called father. You don't deserve to have a son. I wish to God I had never been obliged to call you father. I don't know what you did to my mother, but if you treated her as— Just then my husband found his voice. He sprang to his feet and I've never seen such a look of rage. I thought he was going to strike Frederic and I think I screamed—just a little scream, of course. I was so terrified. But he only said—and it was horrible the way he said it—'You fool—you bastard!' And Frederic laughed in his face and cried out, unafraid, 'I'm glad you call me a bastard! By God, I'd rather be one than to be your son. It would at least give me something to be proud of—a real father.'"

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Dinner Stories

Two young fellows recently attended a tea for which they had bought tickets at fifteen cents each. The profits were to go to charity.

One of them, after consuming four cups of tea, six ham sandwiches, a plate of bread and butter, two tea-cakes, five jam tarts and four large buns, was passing his cup for the fifth time when he turned to his friend and said in a serious tone:

"I think everyone should encourage a thing of this sort. It's for a good cause, you know."

In a prosperous rural community the village doctor was also the superintendent of the Sunday school. Incidentally he taught a class of small boys.

"Willie," impressively remarked the doctor one Sunday afternoon to a bright-faced youngster, "can you tell me what we must do in order to get to heaven?"

"Yes, sir," was the prompt response of Willie, "we must die."

"That is very true," said the doctor, encouragingly, "but can't you tell me what we must do before we die?"

"Yes, sir," was the startling rejoinder of little Willie; "we must get sick and send for you."

NO REASON FOR IT

When Janesville Citizens Show a Way.

There can be no reason why any reader of this who suffers the tortures of an aching back, the annoyance of urinary disorders, the pains and dangers of kidney ills will fail to heed the words of a neighbor who has found relief. Read what a Janesville citizen says:

Mrs. George Hammes, 1208 Ravine St., Janesville, says: "I began to notice that my kidneys were getting in bad shape. The first symptoms were severe backache and pains across my hips. I had headaches and dizzy spells, was nervous and felt miserable. I knew that my kidneys were causing this trouble, so I used Doan's Kidney Pills. It took only a few boxes to cure me. They put my kidneys in fine shape and the nervous and dizzy spells left me, together with the pains in my back and head."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hammes had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Rheumatism
Muscle Colds

"It is easy to use and quick to respond. No work. Just apply. It penetrates without rubbing."

Read What Others Say:

"Have used your Liniment very successfully in a case of rheumatism, and always have a bottle on hand in case of a cold sore throat. I wish to say that it is one of the best of household remedies. I would not have used it only it was recommended to me by a friend of mine who I wish to say, is one of the best doctors for your Liniment I ever saw."—J. W. Fuller, Denver, Col.

"Just a line in praise of Sloan's Liniment. I have been ill nearly fourteen weeks with rheumatism, have been treated by doctors who did their best. I had not slept for the terrible pain for several nights, when my wife got me a small bottle of Sloan's Liniment and there it was. Sloan's Liniment gave me relief so that I could sleep."—Joseph Tamplin, 616 Commerce Street, McKeesport, Pa.

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Keep Your Lungs Strong

This advice is doubly important with the knowledge that every three minutes some one in the United States succumbs to consumption and many refuse to realize they are afflicted until it is too late.

It is after colds or sickness, from overwork, confining duties or when general chills exist that tubercular germs thrive because the resistive powers of the body are weakened.

Only with fresh air, sunshine and abundant rich blood can one hope to arrest their progress, and the concentrated fats in Scott's Emulsion furnish fuel for rich blood, and its rare nourishment helps strengthen the lungs while it builds up the forces.

If you work indoors, tire easily, feel languid or run-down Scott's Emulsion is the most strengthening food-medicine known and is free from alcohol or stupefying drugs. Avoid substitutes.

14-43 Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Orfordville News

Orfordville, Wis., March 30.—The barn on the John Baas farm in the town of Newark was destroyed by fire on Monday afternoon.

George Cone of the town of Plymouth had the misfortune to have his leg broken in a runaway accident on Monday. The injured man was attended by Dr. Lacey of Footville.

Tom Corbett has engaged to work for F. E. Purdy for the current season.

C. O. Ness who was absent from the school for a day or two the latter part of the week on account of sickness is again able to attend to his duties.

Die A. Bonnet met with a painful accident on Monday. While leading a cow, the animal in some way jerked him off his feet and in the fall his arm was broken. He is resting as well as could be expected.

Notices are posted at different places in the school district announcing that a special school meeting will be held on the evening of April 5th, to take further steps to the erection of a new school building that is to be erected in accordance with the vote at the meeting recently held.

LIMA

Lima, March 30.—Mrs. Will Herrington is on the sick list.

Miss Della Bowers is home from Madison for the spring vacation.

W. E. Boyd is under the care of Dr. Hounie.

Mrs. Fanny Walker of Johnstonville visited friends in Lima the fore part of the week.

After a week's vacation our schools resumed work on Monday. Miss Wright of East Troy takes the place of Miss Reichle in the upper room, she having resigned on account of the poor health of her father.

Union prayer meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Bowers on Wednesday evening.

The ladies of the M. E. aid society will serve an Easter supper in Emerson's hall on Friday evening of this week to which all are invited. Serving begins at five o'clock.

Mrs. E. B. Kier has relatives in Janesville on Wednesday.

Eugene Godfrey, Wm. Zilmer and W. A. Marquardt each have a new auto.

J. J. McFarlane of Johnstonville was a Lima caller on Monday.

Mrs. Froh is home from Johnstonville and reports the arrival of a 10 pound baby at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Morse.

Our high school students in Whitewater and Milton are enjoying a week's vacation.

ROCK

Rock, March 30.—Our students from the city schools are enjoying the Easter vacation this week.

Mrs. James Bewick has returned from Madison where she has been visiting her son.

Guy Ainsworth and family from Racine were the guests of their cousin, Mrs. M. S. Kellogg, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schrader and Miss Platteau of Janesville were guests at Jerome Waterman's on Sunday.

Robert Kennedy has bought E. S. Barker's home on Center avenue and will move in soon.

Mrs. Henry Klein returned home Wednesday from Columbus, Wis. where she was called by the serious illness of her mother, whose condition is somewhat improved.

Mr. Hopkins and family have moved to Janesville to live for the summer.

Nick Reed of Janesville has rented R. Jensen's place for the coming year.

Fred Gehling and M. S. Kellogg returned from West Salem, Saturday, where they went to buy some cows.

Mr. Overheim and family from Texas have rented the Otto Nieman farm for the coming year.

GAS, HEARTBURN, INDIGESTION OR A SICK STOMACH

"PAPE'S DIAEPSIN" ENDS ALL STOMACH DISTRESS IN FIVE MINUTES.

Time! Pape's Diaepsin will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, gassy or out-of-order stomach surely within five minutes.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion.

Get from your pharmacist a fifty-cent case of Pape's Diaepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching or indigestion, no gas or heartburn, no fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, no nausea, no debility, no dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diaepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs because it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

These large fifty-cent cases contain enough "Pape's Diaepsin" to keep the entire family free from stomach disorders and indigestion for many months. It belongs in your home.

DISEASE FROM HERDS IS HARD TO ACQUIRE

Agriculture Department at Washington Says Little Danger Prevails From Hoof Diseases

Washington, March 31.—Consumers, even in states quarantined for foot-and-mouth disease, need have no fear of eating meat today, providing it is thoroughly cooked. These reassuring words are given in a bulletin just issued by the Department of Agriculture.

The foot-and-mouth disease is not easily communicated to human beings through food, although milk from a diseased cow might transmit the disease to a human being. Pasteurization, however, renders milk safe. Human beings who get the disease commonly get it from direct contact with the diseased animal. It is wise, therefore, says the department, for people to keep away from all animals having the disease unless they are properly provided with gloves, coats, and boots, and these are thoroughly disinfected after each visit to the animal.

In the case, as in the case of milk, the department points out, all herds which actually show the disease are quarantined, and neither the meat nor the milk from the diseased animals can be sold. Since the disease is not in this country is produced in the nearly 900 federally inspected slaughtering and packing establishments located in 24 states, these establishments no animal is slaughtered until it has passed an ante-mortem inspection by a veterinarian at the time cannot leave the establishment until it has been carefully examined and stamped "U. S. Inspected and Passed."

In all these establishments no animal shows any symptoms whatever of foot-and-mouth disease is allowed to go to slaughter, and no meat, which shows on post-mortem inspection, any suspicious symptoms of this disease, can be shipped out of the establishment. All meat intended for coming from an infected animal is sent under government seal to the tanks to be rendered into fertilizer.

The federal government, however, has no jurisdiction over local slaughterhouses which do not ship meat outside the state in which it is slaughtered. If, however, meat from such an animal did escape from one of these local slaughterhouses, which are purely under the state or municipal control, all danger of its communicating the disease to human beings would be removed when it has been thoroughly cooked and sterilized. Those who are located near an infected region and wish to be absolutely certain of the safety of their meat should cook it thoroughly.

The most promising American source of potash, says the Department of Agriculture in a bulletin just issued, is the annual crop of giant reeds on the Pacific coast. These reeds have now been made of nearly all the commercially available help beds from the seashore island to the Shumagins, off the Alaska coast.

The area of these beds aggregate 400 square miles, capable of yielding annually, either as dried kelp, or as pure potassium chloride, over six times the amount of consumption of soluble potash salts in the United States, or something more than the world's total production.

The development of a great American industry based on the conservation and utilization of this important natural resource, of fundamental importance to the national agricultural economy, says the department, is now only a matter of time.

Investigation by the department has shown the waste fish refuse on the Pacific coast, including Alaska, approximately 120,000 tons annually, and can be made to yield 12,000 tons of fertilizer and 3,000,000 gallons of oil worth \$1,800,000.

JUDA

Juda, March 30.—A number of relatives and friends surprised Frank Blackford Sunday. It being his birthday. All brought well filled baskets. They left him a chair for a remembrance.

Mrs. G. C. Benedict and Mrs. Parker Newman were Brohead shoppers Saturday.

Mrs. Frankfurter and Miss Dorothy Balzer spent the first of the week with Miss Anna Balzer.

Mr. A. B. Van Loon of Albany, N. Y., came Saturday to visit Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Gifford.

Mrs. Claude and George Dunwiddie were Monroe shoppers Thursday.

Mrs. W. F. Moldenhauer and Clara were Brohead callers Saturday.

Miss Elsie Pierce was a passenger to Janesville Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. Barnum spent the week end with relatives in Monroe.

Mrs. A. S. Matzke and Miss Ruth Hartwig came home from Madison Friday evening.

Misses Jessie Newman and Miss Hazel Edwards of Albany went to Monroe Thursday.

Mrs. C. A. Newman and son Robert visited from Saturday until Tuesday with relatives at Evansville.

Miss Esther Giese was a Brohead visitor Saturday.

Mr. Charles Warner of Freeport is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Warner.

Mrs. Margaret Miller and Miss Ella Haberman spent the week end at Chicago on business.

Miss Mattie Matzke went back to Milwaukee last week, where she expects to go to work.

HARMONY

Harmony, March 30.—Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Bingham have returned from Madison, where they attended the university exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. McNally and family spent Sunday with J. J. Fanning in Johnstonville.

The next regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. of Harmony will be held with Mrs. C. A. Rice April 1.

Mrs. M. J. Joyce and Miss Julia Pierce of Johnstonville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Costigan.

Mr. and Mrs. William Brown were recent visitors at Frank Richardson's.

Miss Alice Bolt and brother Joel of Eagle River, are spending a week with their sister, Mrs. Jos. Hanlon.

District No. 7 school closed Friday for a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Chen and little son, were recent visitors at C. L. Rice's.

Little Kathryn V. McNally is spending a week with her grandparents in Johnstonville.

Miss Blilyea of Watworth, has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Charles Summerbell, who has been ill.

Edgerton News

LOCAL TALENT PLAY GIVEN AT EDGERTON.

Edgerton, Wis., March 30.—A good sized audience was on hand at the majestic theatre last evening to witness the presentation of a melodrama Hazel Kirke, which was given for the benefit of the Soldiers' Monument Circle of this city.

The different characters were taken by local people and Mr. and Mrs. Choate. The cast of characters was as follows:

Hazel Kirke, the Miller's daughter... Dolly Dutton, Honest and True... Mrs. Kirke, with a mother's heart... Lady Tavega, the Haughty mother... Clara, Hazel's true friend... Dunsian Kirke, the Miller... Arthur Kirke, the Miller... Arthur Carlingford, a young Lord... Pittacus Green, Esquire but True... Squire Rodney, the noble friend... Barney O'Flynn, Irish Val... Methusalem Wiggins, called "Met"...

Vocal and violin solos and musical readings were given between acts by the following:

Musical reading... Mrs. Choate... Vocal solo... Catherine Smith... Vocal solo... Madge Wilson... Vocal solo... Edith Wileman...

Little Interest Shown in Coming Election.

The coming election will probably be one of the quietest elections in the city of Edgerton. There is no contest for any office. The nomination papers have been filed for the following:

James Arthur, second ward, Oscar Jensen, third ward, George Doty, third ward, Henry Ebbott and the third ward, John R. Dawe. All of whom will succeed themselves with the exception of Oscar Jensen, who takes the place of Dr. B. L. Cleary as alderman of the second ward.

Edgerton Personal.

Dr. F. C. Meyer is transacting business in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Van Ness Green is spending a few days in Milwaukee.

Dr. B. L. Cleary transacted business in Janesville yesterday.

Miss Mary Wilson called on friends in Janesville yesterday.

B. C. Wilson was a business caller in Janesville yesterday.

From Dodgeville, Schoenfeld returned, departed for different points in Montana today.

Bert Haylock left today for his home in Montana.

The dramatic society which was to be held tonight has been postponed until a week from tonight as the teachers that belong are all spending their vacation at their different homes.

The K. P. Lodge met in Castle hall last evening and conferred the rank of Knight on Leon Dates and Orrin Purdy of Albany, Wis.

After the business meeting light refreshments were served.

Culture club met at the home of Mrs. D. I. Wilson Friday evening. Members are requested to be present.

The funeral of James Pyre will be held from the Congregational church Wednesday at 1 p. m. The funeral services will be in charge of the Masonic order.

HARDWARE

Hardware, March 29.—Little Jacobson and Hazel escort went to Cambridge Sunday to visit Mrs. Oscar Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ford of Edgerton and Miss Lenora Ford of Albion spent Sunday at Wm. Van Vailing's.

Mrs. Will Connors and son Ed went to Janesville Saturday for a short visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Grey went to Oregon to attend the funeral of Mrs. Geo. Drayer.

Mrs. Tom Wileman and son Lawrence of Edgerton spent last Thursday with her sister, Mrs. Geo. Van Vailing.

Mrs. Will Murphy of Cooktown spent last Tuesday here.

Wm. Fredendahl of Edgerton will work for Frank Herrick this summer.

Mrs. Andrew Nichols of Footville is spending a few days with her parents.

Stanley Keller of Edgerton is visiting for a few weeks with his grand parents.

Hurbert, Elmer, Hazel and Susie Leann, all of Joe Attlessey were among those who went to Oregon to attend the funeral of Mrs. Geo. Drayer last Monday.

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat if Kidneys feel like lead or Bladder bothers.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally. else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headache, rheumatism, twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine.

This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

Keep the Children Bright and Happy

Happy youngsters must be healthy. The digestive organs of children get out of order as readily as do those of their elders, and the result is equally distressing. When the bowels are clogged with an accumulation of refuse from the stomach the child naturally becomes cross and fretful from the discomfort, and is often punished for temper when medical attention is really what is needed.

The next time your child is cross and unhappy, without apparent reason, try giving it a mild laxative. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a mild, pleasant tasting combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin, and is especially recommended for children because of its freedom from all opiate or narcotic drugs and its gentle action. It is sold in drug stores everywhere. A free trial bottle can be obtained by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 452 Washington St., Monticello, Ills.

KOSHKONONG

Koshkonong, March 30.—Frank Shuman has been quite sick with grip the past week.

Mrs. Alf. Addie of East Milton spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Will Hutchison, who is sick and not able to be up. Mr. and Mrs. Hutchison moved from Atton to the Frank Jones farm a short time ago.

Caroline Shuman spent two days at Milton last week and attended the play given by the Eighth grade pupils.

Esther Shuman came home from Ft. Atkinson Saturday, where she has been several months.

On next Sunday there will be a short Easter program at Otter Creek church. Sunday school and services will be held also. Sunday school to begin at 1:30.

On Thursday April 1 the mile society dinner will be held with Mrs. Traynor. Visitors welcome.

PORTER

Porter, March 29.—Mr. John Sweeney spent a few days in Madison last week.

Mrs. E. M. Nolan was the guest of her sister, Mrs. T. Trushier in Koshkonong a few days recently.

A few of the farmers have commenced plowing in the city.

Mrs. White of Fulton has come to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Feseiden. She is in very poor health being in bed for the past three months.

Carl Becker has returned home from Edgerton school, and is enjoying a well earned vacation. He was confirmed Sunday.

A very pleasing program and box social was given in the Eagle district on March 19. Boxes sold from 25c to \$2.50. A number of the girls didn't bring boxes so only about ten dollars was realized.

Miss Olsen of Newville has come to spend the summer with Mrs. Robert Ford.

Grow GLADIOLI The Best Summer Flowers for pleasure or for profit.

We offer for introduction at lowest prices the best of the grand decorative gladioli, including all others in the gladioli family. The Look Gladioli and Seedling Gladioli.

We do not buy to sell. We grow them and sell them direct to you. Write for our 16-page catalog free.

VAUGHAN'S SEED STORE 31 W. Randolph Street, Chicago

Ghent HAS MANY TIMES REACHED SUCCESS AFTER SUFFERING HARSHIPS

Washington, D. C., March 31.—"Ghent has shown a remarkable degree of what the world calls 'American spirit.' Time and again it has begun afresh with irresistible enthusiasm the struggle for success. War, pillage, the despot's insatiable demands, and imperial laws hostile to Ghentian welfare have many times caused the city's prosperity to begin to decline. The very moment of the proud flood-tide of fortune, at no time, however, have the Ghentians lost heart, but after each disaster they have renewed their efforts in a way defying hardship, and have always succeeded in re-establishing their city among the world's chosen sites for enterprise and wealth." Thus begins a statement issued by the National Geographic Society today concerning the city of Ghent. It then continues:

While capitals have waxed and waned again and again, centers have blossomed into world-empires and been forgotten, while resplendent places of society, resort have risen and fallen, Ghent, sober, tenacious, business Ghent, has maintained a highly respected place in the world's history more than 900 years. Innumerable war-storms have swept over the rich low countries, have broken the spirit and blighted the hopes of many promising cities there for the present war found Ghent busily building its way toward another world renown.

It found a city of more than 200,000 inhabitants doing an immense overseas commerce by means of its canal, re-awakening its wonderful textile industry, and entering into the spirit of the modern struggle for industrial supremacy by developing great iron foundries and machine shops.

During the Middle Ages, Ghent was one of the wealthiest and most independent cities in Europe. Its burghers met and defeated the might of England under Edward I. Here the clever demagogue, Jacques van Artevelde, the celebrated "Brewer of Ghent," became mayor of the city and negotiated with kings and emperors on almost equal terms. Edward III. of England, addressed him by the title of "father of the city."

Charles V was born in Ghent, and his soldiers all but ruined it during the religious troubles of the lowlands. A story is told concerning this emperor which shows his gratitude to the city of Ghent. When the emperor was a young boy, he was once in need of gold, one day borrowed two million from a wealthy, untitled citizen of Ghent. He showed his gratitude to the Emperor when he was a young man, the Emperor died with his creditor, the same day, and at table, the flattered merchant, who had prepared the promissory note into strips and pasted the pieces to him on a plate, with the declaration:

"Side, two million florins is a trifle to use for the honor of the imperial Highness has done me today."

Milton Junction, March 30.—Verne Colton of St. Lawrence, South Dakota is a guest at the C. T. Hudson home.

Miss Janet Hudson spent Sunday night with Miss Alys Paul, on the river road.

J. W. Perry of Eau Claire was a business caller here today.

Mrs. J. A. Baker entertained a number of ladies Saturday afternoon in honor of her birthday.

The Messrs. Janet and Ned Hudson, Verne Colton and Wm. Hudson motored to Ft. Atkinson and Jefferson Saturday afternoon.

Messdames Thomas Driver and George Stockman spent today in Edgerton.

Mrs. H. N. Jordan and daughter were in Janesville yesterday.

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Mrs. O. S. Mills and Miss Alma spent Monday in Janesville.

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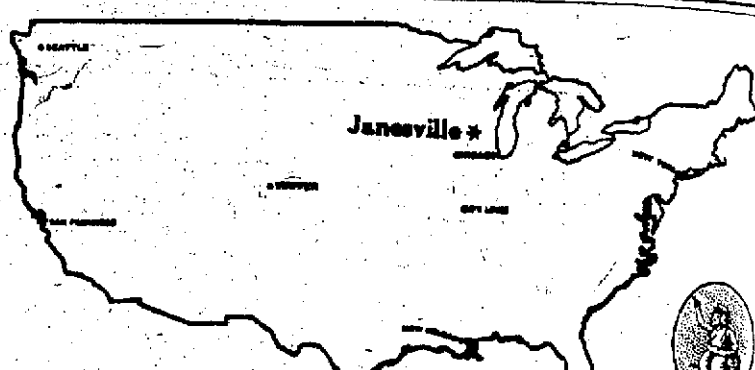
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Message No. 5 To the Business Men of Janesville

The prosperity of a city is in direct proportion to the local pride. Where local pride runs high, prosperity has a firm foothold. Such a town is a good place to live and do business in.

Paint helps to a remarkable degree in spreading an impression of prosperity throughout a community. It gives a fresh, new, inviting look wherever it is used. Municipal buildings, stores and homes feel its good effects. Growing business is bound to be one of the direct results of a liberal use of paint, not from any magic in the paint, but because of the pride which is stimulated.

Shipman White Lead

(Dutch Boy Painter Trade Mark) mixed with Dutch Boy linseed oil is the point of quality and always has been. Lasting and economical. Sold by all good paint dealers. Get in touch with your dealer today.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

Some Facts About Wood

1. HOW A TREE GROWS. Prepared for The Gazette by the Forests Products Laboratory at The University of Wisconsin.

The phenomenon of plant growth is one of the most interesting of studies, but as in all life processes many of the activities are not understood by man.

Plants have the power of converting inorganic substances, that is, water, the soil and the air, into organic substances. Animals can not do this. They must live on vegetable food or on other animals which have lived on vegetable matter. Plants can exist without animals but animals cannot indefinitely exist without plant food.

Trees like most plants, get a large proportion of their nourishment from the air in the form of carbon dioxide. This must be supplemented by water and mineral salts which are derived from the soil. The leaves absorb the gases of the atmosphere and the roots absorb from the ground.

Plants containing minerals in solution. The water is transported to the leaves through the outer or sapwood of the tree. By means of sunlight the carbon dioxide and water in the leaves are united and changed into soluble carbohydrates (saps), which are then transported through the inner bark and distributed to the growing parts of the plant where they are changed into insoluble cell substance.

Trees do not grow throughout their bodies as animals do but only at the tips of the branches and roots and in a thin layer immediately under the bark. If a nail is driven into a tree trunk, it will always remain the same distance from the center of the tree and from the ground. Because the crown of an old tree is higher above the ground than that of a young tree, it is popularly believed that the whole trunk has elongated. This is not the case.

The elevation of the crown is due to the lower branches dying off and new ones appearing at the top. Since the growth in diameter takes place under the bark, the old bark must be pushed farther and farther outward each year. We would naturally expect that the bark would be ruptured in the course of time. This is just

VICE BOARD'S BILLS URGED FOR PASSAGE BY SOCIAL WORKERS

State Anti-Vice Bills Given Three Hours' Hearing Before Senate Committee—All Seven Bills Favored.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE)
Madison, Wis., March 31.—Social workers, club women, clergymen and others interested in eradication of vicious conditions in the state thronged the senate parlor yesterday afternoon at the first of a three-day hearing on bills recommended by the anti-vice committee of the last legislature. To none of the seven bills discussed was opposition raised, and the hearing was decidedly one-sided.

Chairman Howard Teasdale spoke on each bill, and in general led the forces appearing. Others who urged this legislation included A. H. Bartlett, assistant district attorney of Milwaukee; Mrs. C. W. Price, Madison; Walter Clark, Chicago, of the American Social Hygiene association; W. H. Austin, Milwaukee, counsel for the Wisconsin Brewers' association; Miss M. V. Brown, Madison; Miss Rose M. Perdue, Milwaukee social worker; Rev. A. A. Ewing, Madison, representing the social service commission of the Episcopal church, diocese of Milwaukee; Mrs. L. A. Kahlenberg, Madison, representing the Women's club; Miss Marie L'Honnelle, secretary of the Madison Y. W. C. A.; Mrs. Joseph Jastrow, Madison, for the State Federation of Women's clubs; Mrs. Julia Kurtz, head of the Girls' Washington home for girls, Milwaukee; Rev. E. C. Dixon, Madison, Methodist clergyman, and others.

Teasdale is leader. The need of the proposed anti-pandering statute was told by Chairman Teasdale and Mr. Bartlett. The bill strikes at acts of cab drivers, bell boys, bartenders and other agents who steer men to prohibited places. Mr. Bartlett said a large proportion of prostitution in Milwaukee is made possible by such agents, and that this bill strikes at the root of the evil, particularly regarding places where segregated districts have been established. Under such a law the woman should be made immune from prosecution, he believed, to encourage her to testify freely against the panders.

Under present laws the attorney for the defense is able to threaten the holder of the fear of incriminating herself. Mrs. Price said the penalty provided is not enough, and favored both fine and imprisonment. The bill allows either a fine from \$25 to \$100 or imprisonment from one to three months.

Attorney Austin asked Mr. Teasdale why the bill limited its application to cab drivers, etc. He thought it should apply to all persons, and not limit it to one class. This would make the statute stronger, he said. The bill will be amended in this regard.

Urge Mann Act. The bill to apply the Mann act to

localities within the state was urged by Mr. Teasdale, who told of law roadhouse conditions. Cities are blamed for acts committed at such places when those places are outside the city's jurisdiction, and only a law like this will get at the root of the evil, he said. He said that palm garden dances held at Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, and other cities, where rigs have been waiting to take the girls to roadhouses outside of the municipal limits where the city's protection is withdrawn. He considered this one of the best of the proposed laws.

Represents Girls. Miss Perdue, for four years a state factory inspector, said:

"I speak as a representative of thousands of girls and their employers who want to see the conditions of working girls improved outside their working hours. I have letters from such employers in Milwaukee endorsing these bills. Something has been said of this bill encouraging blackmail. Good men have nothing to fear from a statute of this kind in the way of blackmail. As a rule girls are proud of the good, honorable employer, and respect him too much to hold him up by blackmailing methods."

Miss Perdue said the transporting of young girls from Milwaukee to neighboring places is a constant annoyance to the juvenile court. Young girls are taken in automobiles or on motorcycles, or by street car, to Racine, Kenosha or Chicago, she said. She told of mock marriages she had formed in such cases. All these things she said are too seriously true to doubt their truth.

Merchants in Favor. Miss Perdue spoke to a committee of the Merchants' & Manufacturers' association on this subject last week, and quoted one member as saying that at least 90 per cent of its members favor this bill. The Rev. Mr. Ewing and Mrs. Kahlenberg endorsed the bill on behalf of their respective organizations.

The bill forbidding indecent exhibitions at fairs, with withdrawal of state aid as a penalty, will be amended to follow suggestions that theatres be included in its prohibitions. Miss Perdue took a rap at burlesque shows permitting representations in the near middle. Censoring films was not enough to reach this evil, she said. The bill is also intended to cover the spoken word on the stage or in exhibitions.

Dance Hall Evil. The dance hall evil received extended discussion. A bill prohibits girls or women to attend dances with bar connections. The penalty is \$5 to \$100 or six months. Revolting conditions in dance halls were described by Chairman Teasdale. The committee had found girls under fifteen "grossly intoxicated" in such places. In one town school dances were held in a hall over a saloon, and the principal admitted the young people went down stairs and drank. The bartender under oath testified he sold liquor to them without inquiring their age. Masked balls in a "central Wisconsin large city" were described by Mr. Teasdale as places where minor girls became "beastly drunk."

On Dance Question. Mrs. Jastrow for the state federation said the bill did not go far enough. Drinking and dances must be disassociated, she declared.

Attorney Austin said the bill in- trenches on the rights of all law abiding persons by forbidding them to attend a dance in a respectable hotel or club in company with wives or daughters, merely because a bar exists in some other part of the building. He volunteered to work with the committee in drafting a bill to avoid this objection.

Other bills discussed were those forbidding sale of drugs and appliances in certain cases, prohibiting transmission, knowingly, of venereal diseases, and to raise the age of consent for women.

First English Field Marshal. The first English field marshal was created so long ago as 1738.

Quick sellers—Gazette want ads.

"NOT GUILTY," SAYS MUCH MARRIED PASTOR, INDICTED ON WHITE SLAVERY CHARGE; HUNTS FOR BAIL; TRIAL TO BE HELD IN APRIL.



Top, left to right: Doris Vaughn, James Morrison Darnell and Ruth Soper; bottom, Miss Ethel Spurgeon.

The Rev. James Morrison Darnell, indicted under the Mann white slave act in transporting Ruth Soper from Owatonna, Minn., to Kenosha, Wis., last week, pleaded not guilty in the United States court at Milwaukee. His trial will be held in April. In the meantime he is looking for bail.

Darnell first married, or at least went through some sort of a ceremony with Ethel Spurgeon of Avon, Ill.; next he went through a ceremony with Ruth Soper of Owatonna, Minn.; and last November he went through a third ceremony with 17-year-old Doris Vaughn of Chicago.



UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

Gents—Art Banrichter, W. J. Davis, Jim Fetherston, C. J. Fletcher, Oscar Freeborn, J. C. Hood, Geo. W. Jager, Leo A. Kelley, Wm. Lang, J. Wells Lee, Harvey Little, Jacob Marty, Wm. McCann, John Spool, Carl Timm, S. L. Tuttle, P. A. Williams, Clair Woodward.

Ladies—Mrs. A. E. Clark, Mrs. J. F. Connors, Mrs. Ella Dusing, Mrs. Ellen T. Nash, Miss Mary Pool, Miss Myrtle Richards, Miss Margaret Schultz.

P. O. Box 132.
Firms—P. McKee & Son.
J. J. CUNNINGHAM,
Postmaster.

Showing Ocean's Vastness. One per cent of the contents of the oceans would cover all the land areas of the globe to a depth of 230 feet.

There are always bargains to be found in the classified columns.

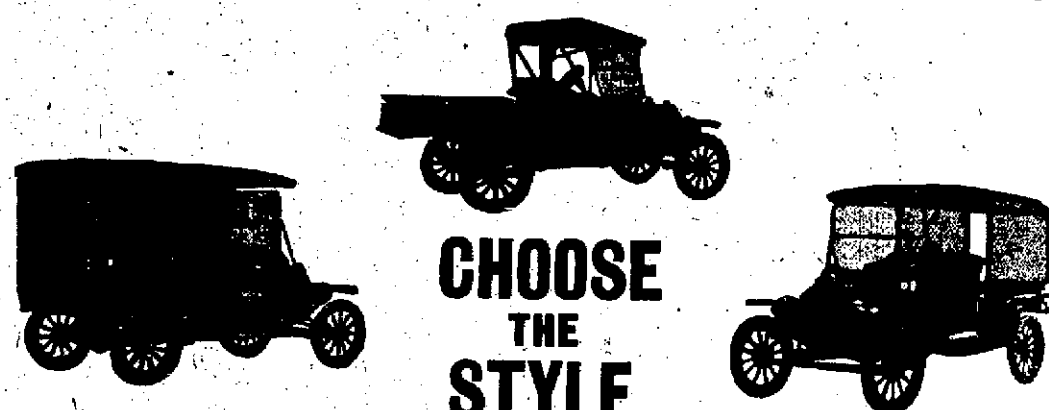
HE'S NEW DIRECTOR OF THE U. S. CENSUS



Samuel Lyle Rogers.

Samuel Lyle Rogers of Franklin, N. C., is the successor of William J. Harris, who is a member of the new interstate trade commission, as director of the census at Washington. On the day he assumed office he held an informal reception for the employees of the bureau and announced that he meant to become personally acquainted with each member of his force.

FORD DELIVERY CAR



CHOOSE
THE
STYLE

THAT WILL SERVE YOU BEST

I will sell you the World Famous Ford Chassis for \$430.00 and also sell you the style body best suited to your business. Call, write or telephone and my salesman will demonstrate to you why you should have a Ford delivery.



ROBERT F. BUGGS, Dealer

Garage, 12-18 N. Academy St.

JANESVILLE, WIS.

Both 'phones 407.

Great Easter Offerings LEVINSON'S

321 West Milwaukee Street

EXCLUSIVE WOMEN'S READY TO WEAR AND MILLINERY

Don't Fail to Come Here Before Going Elsewhere

Special Tomorrow:

SAMPLE SUITS

All the very newest styles, colors & fabrics worth to \$15;... **\$9.75**

SAMPLE SUITS

Newest styles, French serge Wool, Poplins, etc., worth to \$25.00;... **\$13.75**

SAMPLE DRESSES

Jumper Dresses, Shepherd Checks, Silks, etc., worth to \$15.00;... **\$6.50**

50 Sample Pattern Hats

Very newest creations, Panamas, Hamps, Chips, etc., all colors, worth to \$7.00, ... **\$2.95**

SAMPLE COATS

Newest modes, Bercues, Poplins, Coverts, etc., worth to \$18.00;... **\$7.75**

SAMPLE SKIRTS

Yoke and flaring, checks, blue, blacks, etc., worth \$5;... **\$1.85**

SAMPLE WAISTS

White Waists, fancy lawns, etc.; worth to \$2.00;... **98c**

KIMONO APRONS

Special, with this coupon, ... **33c**

The Golden Eagle —Levy's— Your Easter Hat

The newest wrinkles in shapes and colors are given complete showing here. Hundreds of styles to select from. The popular price is \$3.00.

See
Window
Display



Planning Your New Home

Let Us Help You Make It More of a Pleasure Than a Task

Of course you get a good deal of pleasure from planning your home. But—like all home builders—at times you wish it weren't such a problem to work out a satisfactory room arrangement, the proper decorative scheme, and decide the right kind of building materials, etc. You can easily get building information of every kind right here in our lumber office. We have supplied the building materials for a large number of homes—modest and costly—in this and other towns. And for years we have been giving a world of help to home builders.

Just a Few of the Helps—Yours for the Asking

PLANS

We have on file a very large number of house plans and illustrations which may help you get just the room arrangement and exterior appearance you want. You are welcome to look them over as much as you wish. Our study of these plans may help you, too.

KNOWLEDGE OF ALL MATERIALS

Naturally we have a thorough knowledge of all kinds and grades of building materials. We have used this knowledge to select a stock which has proved most satisfactory by test. Here you can see and compare different materials in the light of the complete information we have on them. This will make decision easy for you, and give you a knowledge that will prove invaluable to you hereafter.

Those helps are part of a service we feel is due you as a home builder. To build a good quality home at a reasonable cost—making every dollar count—you should, of course, have easy access to first hand accurate information and sound advice about all construction details. We extend such a service to you. This puts you under no obligation. Should you conclude to purchase here, you will find everything to be as represented and guaranteed to give complete satisfaction.

Prompt Deliveries **Brittingham & Hixon Lumber Co.** Both 'phones 117

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

Editor Gazette:
Your article relative to the Y. M. C. A. is pertinent. There is no question but what this organization needs more members and if it's going to fill its mission in this community, it must lay plans to get them.

Also there is no reason why the Y. M. C. A. should not be the connecting link between all our church activities and step in where the necessarily restricted efforts of the church cannot well go. It has the broadest kind of a field in Janesville and the morals of this town are not in such a state that there is nothing to do.

Apparently our Y. M. C. A. has been so busy with details that the big purpose of its existence has been overlooked to such an extent that its appeal has narrowed to a few.

Many know the Y. M. C. A. as a place where the Twilight club meets, the governor speaks, or are needing funds. This is wrong.

Our Y. M. C. A. somehow or other does not have the proper atmosphere about it. Its lounging, reading rooms have the same barren and noisy feeling one finds in the lobby of a 12 day country hotel. Get the home that appeals to the boy or the man with home instincts. We need a home loving man in charge to bring these things about.

We have a well equipped building, but unfortunately when you want to bathe, one has to put up with an odor that reminds you of an over-worked Chinese laundry and when it comes to such towels, they smell like an old soap-soaked shaving brush.

We used to like athletics, but every time we get acquainted with the physical director, so we could call him by name and have confidence in him, he would disappear. This happened so frequently and so regularly it got tiresome. As soon as the assistants begin to become efficient, they were let go. These are the people who should be the greatest help to the institution. It seems petty jealousy keeps things continually upset. Enough has been done, we have started this past fall and winter to keep every man busy and we should stand by those who are sincerely trying to carry these matters along, but where mere envy exists, it is whether it be secretary or his assistant, the money used comes from Janesville citizens and the same efficiency should be maintained as though it were a regular business.

A Regular Reader.

High School Boy.

Dear Sir,
It is with unusual interest that I have followed the discussions which you have published in your paper with reference to the situation in our Y. M. C. A. The readers of your paper and the public of Janesville should make it their business to be completely informed as to what is taking place in this vital civic institution.

In this connection a few words from an active member and intimate acquaintance of the Y. M. C. A. and its affairs would be appropriate. Last November it was seen fit by the officials of the Y. M. C. A. to employ an assistant to the general secretary, Mr. Mackenzie, a man who has been most successful in boys' work throughout this and other states, came here with the understanding that he was to have full charge of all association activities while Mr. Kilne was to have charge of the financial affairs. Mr. Mackenzie is a man of ability. Those who have followed the activities of the Y. M. C. A. for the past several months, know that never before have so many progressive ideas been incorporated into the work of this connection. It is only necessary to mention that Mr. Mackenzie is popular with the boys and men who are members and non-members, and he has made good in his work. At this spring we were startled to hear that there was a motion on foot among the members of the board of directors to deprive him of his position. The charges made against him have been vague and beyond even consideration. It is claimed he has been insubordinate to the general secretary, and has not consulted him before planning activities. To cap the climax, he was declared to be a part of a general plot on the part of the state association officials to oust present officials. As further reason, they made it known that Mr. Mackenzie refused to sign a contract with the board. A contract was handed him by the board, but he refused to sign it because it was an unfair one, stipulating that he might be removed at any time. In turn, Mr. Mackenzie wrote a contract that was almost identical, containing the clause, "if sufficient reason be given," this phrase dealing with his removal. He submitted this contract to the board, and as the result no contract has been signed. But no man will do his best when he cannot have the support of his employers behind his honest efforts. A High School Y. M. C. A. Member.

A Reply.

To those who incline to read:
As to the Y. M. C. A. of Janesville, the writer has been in touch with the organization since its beginning, not much of the time actively, either in helping the work along or in hindering it by finding fault with those who have given their time and money, but close enough to know that all money which has been given has been accounted for. The accounts have been duly audited (generally by men outside of the board) and filed where they may be seen by those who have the right.

As to the boys' work, there is in the employ of the association, a man who has had special training in this work, and whose whole province is to build up and care for the activities in the building, of which the boys' work is a part. For the work there is a room about forty feet square which is wholly for the boys and at stated times the whole building is open to them.

As to the work being organized under separate heads, it does not take a financial expert to see the co-operation of the church and benevolent work which is to be maintained by the people, to place a salaried man over each department.

As to the associations mentioned in a recent article in the Gazette, that are now sailing under the momentum of a campaign, the time is coming when they will be under a steady grind. There are two cities within one hundred miles of Janesville, which tried the campaign method of getting members and money. The work was done by the rocket; so much so that the people shouted: Oh look! Oh look! But where did they land when the reaction came? They simply went down and lost their property.

The writer is confident that our Y. M. C. A. is in good condition and doing a good work, but it can only do its best with the co-operation of the people of Janesville. I am sure that there is not a man on the board of directors but would gladly turn his job over to some younger man if assured that he was one whose heart is in the work.

Let us sidetrack our grouches and stand by a good thing.

Yours respectfully,

A. STAYER.

BOSPHORUS IS RICH
IN HISTORIC LORE

Washington, D. C., March 31.—The Bosphorus and the part it has played in human history is the subject of a statement just prepared by the National Geographic society, which is of peculiar interest at this particular juncture when another chapter in its wonderful story is being written. The statement is as follows:

"One writer states that there is perhaps no other locality in the world surrounded by so many historical souvenirs and adorned with so many varied gifts of nature; another that God, Man, Nature, Art have together created and placed there the most marvelous point of view which the human eye can contemplate upon earth; still another remarks that upon this planet there is no other stream so wonderful, that its equal can be found, if at all, only upon some other star.

Dr. Edwin A. Grosvenor remarks that there is hardly a nation in the civilized world whose blood has not mingled with its waters; hardly a faith, hardly a heresy, which, by the devotion of its adherents and martyrdom, has not hallowed its banks. As associations the most dissimilar, the most incongruous, the most distant, elbow one another in every hamlet and village. The German Emperor, William II, in 1889, disembarked at the same spot which tradition makes the landing-place of that other youthful leader, Jason, with his Argonauts in that sublime voyage of the fourteenth century before Christ.

"The physical features of the Bosphorus are described by the same author in striking terms. He says that in its swift flow it is a river, and in its depth a sea—yet many a sea is less profound and many a river spreads wider and has a less rapid current. Its average depth is about 80 feet. At no point in the channel is

the depth less than 147 feet.

"So sharply do its submarine banks descend that large vessels, hugging the land too closely, though in deep water, often run their bowsprits and yards into houses on shore. The Strait of Gibraltar, which wrests Africa from Europe, is sixteen miles wide; even the Dardanelles expand from one mile to four. But at its widest the Bosphorus is only one and four-fifths miles.

The length of the Bosphorus is less than 17 miles. Each Asiatic side under finds a convex bend on the European side; each European bay is met by an Asiatic promontory. "Tradition goes back to a time when countless ages ago, titanic forces here rent Asia and Europe asunder; when the pent-up, restless waters of the Black Sea tore through valleys and leveled mountains, in their sudden southward rush to the Mediterranean. The volcanic origin of the region confirms this tradition.

"Seventy edible varieties of fish sport in the waters of the Bosphorus. They are mostly migratory. The strait is the only line of communication between the Black Sea and the Mediterranean. Their summer and winter homes. In their migrations countless shoals succeed one another at intervals of days and never did the men in the crow's nest of a battleship scan the horizon more earnestly for an enemy than the outlooks for the fishermen peer into the deep for signs of a fish migration. As soon as the advanced guard arrives, the Bosphorus becomes black with fishing boats. So regular are the fish in their habits and so unchanged in their ways, that Aristotle's account of their movements, penned twenty-two centuries ago, is still an accurate description of the varieties and their migrations. "A hundred years ago Constantinople and the Bosphorus hung in the balance just as it does today. Dr. Grosvenor relates how, after the treaty of Tilsit, Emperor Alexander, of Russia, had insisted on the absolute necessity to his country was the possession of Constantinople. He declared that there was no peace so great, no condition so hard that it would not be gratefully accorded by him for the city's acquisition. Napoleon gazed in silence earnestly and long at the map of Europe, of which his empire was at that moment the arbiter, and then exclaimed: 'Constantinople, Constantinople! Never. It is the empire of the world!'

SINAI PENINSULA
HOME OF BEDOUINS

Washington, D. C., March 31.—Among the sands, boulder-strewn fields, and great barren mountains of rock of the Sinai Peninsula, the British and the Turks are struggling for the mastery of a waterway of first importance, the Suez Canal, whose safeguarding at this present time is of vital concern to Great Britain. Ports leading through the other day by way of Italy tell that the Turks, reinforced by the wild Bedouin natives, are giving the British a hard battle in these world-buried contests in the desert. Even Alexandria, far across the canal, is said to be growing anxious. Describing this country the National Geographic society says:

"There are 11,200 square miles of comparatively level country in the Sinai Peninsula, which forms Asia's juncture with Africa. It was over this bridge and through the Sinai desert that the Israelites wandered 40 years toward their Promised Land, and it is here that the sacred Mount of the Law lifts its head. Some of Israel's most greatest battles were fought here, physical battles with opposing neighbors and spiritual ones with the recurring hunger for food and time service to idols and to Nature.

"The Suez Canal divides Sinai from Africa. Suez Canal is one of earth's greatest commercial and political waterways, and it is at present one of the most important links in the British world-empire. The bordering Sinai is 230 miles long and 150 miles wide, or it is about the size of Ireland. Its whole population does not exceed 5,000, and practically all of these are Bedouins, who tent along the intermittent streams and pasture their flocks of goats and sheep in the desert's grudging oases. The Wady Firan is the most fertile and the best known of these oases. It is called the 'Pearl of Sinai' and here alone, it is said, has earth enough of paradise to make the Persian bubul, sweetest of bird singers, forget his roses and content without them, sing his thousand songs.

In the early years of Christianity the Sinai region was sought by many of the sternest hermits, who filled the numerous caves of its honey-combed hills and mountains. Monasteries, churches and convents were built here in districts commemorated by sacred story. Among these buildings, St. Catherine's monastery stands foremost in fame. It was built as a monument upon the Mountain of the Law; but as the location of the Mountain of the Law is a matter of dispute, the claim of St. Catherine's is debatable. The monastery is in the control of Greek Orthodox monks, and it is visited once or twice a year by some stray pilgrim from the lands of western Europe or America.

Sinai has been called 'the best desert in the world' by one of its enthusiastic friends. However, with its fearful scarcity of water, with its endless, burning stretches of yellow and gray sands, with its bare and brownish rock masses, and with the night songs of those children of the desert, the jackal and the hyena, as the kindest break in its monotony, it is certain that those fighting in Sinai's waste will find their theatre a fitting grim stage for the work they have to do.

What Really Hurt.
"No," said the man who was shot in the head by his friend while they were out shooting, lost the greater part of an ear and was scratched considerably. "I don't mind the wounds so much, but it breaks my heart to have my head mistaken, by my most intimate friend, for a rabbit."

Clean wiping cloths, buttons and hooks off, will bring 3½¢ per pound cash at the Gazette office. Gazette want ads work while you sleep.

Buy Harness Direct
From the Manufacturer

Pay No Middleman's Profit

I make the highest grade harness and sell at the lowest prices. My business is growing all the time. Farmers know that this is the place to get the most for their money.

Why buy second hand harness when you can get a new Breaching Harness for \$20?

Finest kind of Guaranteed Breaching Harness, Concord Hames, Brass Balled Top \$37

Single Driving Harness, guaranteed good oak stock, at \$10

Signed

Frank Sadler

COURT STREET BRIDGE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

EASTER WEEK

Presents the Greatest Array of Stunning
Suits Coats Dresses Skirts
Waists Evening Frocks
we have ever shown.

A Wonderful Collection of
Women's and Misses' Suits
\$13.50 to \$50.00

Whatever your ideas may be regarding the price of your spring suit, we would like to have you see our assortment. Suits that are up to the minute in every style, detail and at prices you will be pleased to pay. The materials are wool poplins, garbardines, mannish serges and mixtures in all favored shades for this season—Belgium blue, navy, battle ship gray, sand, putty, black and white checks and black. Many beautiful models in silk.

Unusually Pretty Spring Coats
\$7.50 to \$35.00

Our assortment will appeal to you. Coverts, poplins, serges, shepherd checks, Scotch tweeds and novelties in the new belted, flare and military styles.

Womens and Misses Spring
Dresses \$7.50 to \$32.50

This season's dresses are most pleasing in style, being made on both plain and fancy lines with wide flare skirts. The favored fabrics are silk taffeta, poplins and crepe de chine which will be found in all the spring colorings.

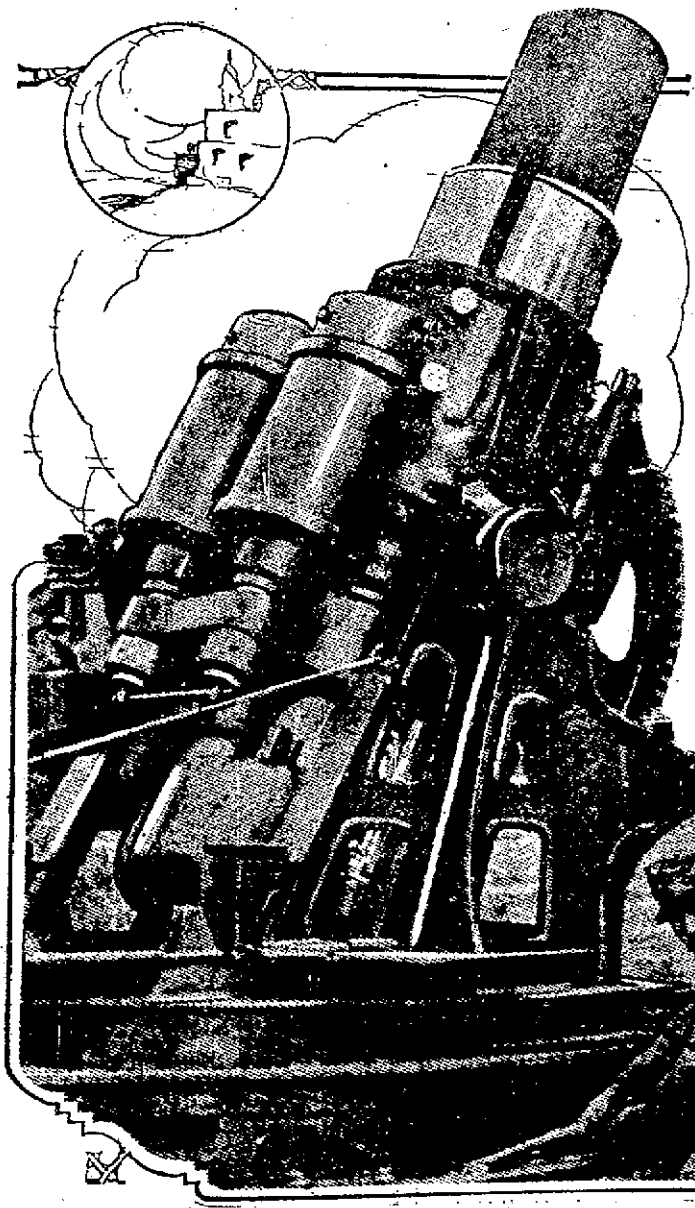
Many attractive models in skirts including new snappy black taffeta. See the new novelties in silk hosiery, \$1.00. Plain and combination colors.

Simpson's

GARMENT STORE

Janesville's Only Exclusive Garment Store

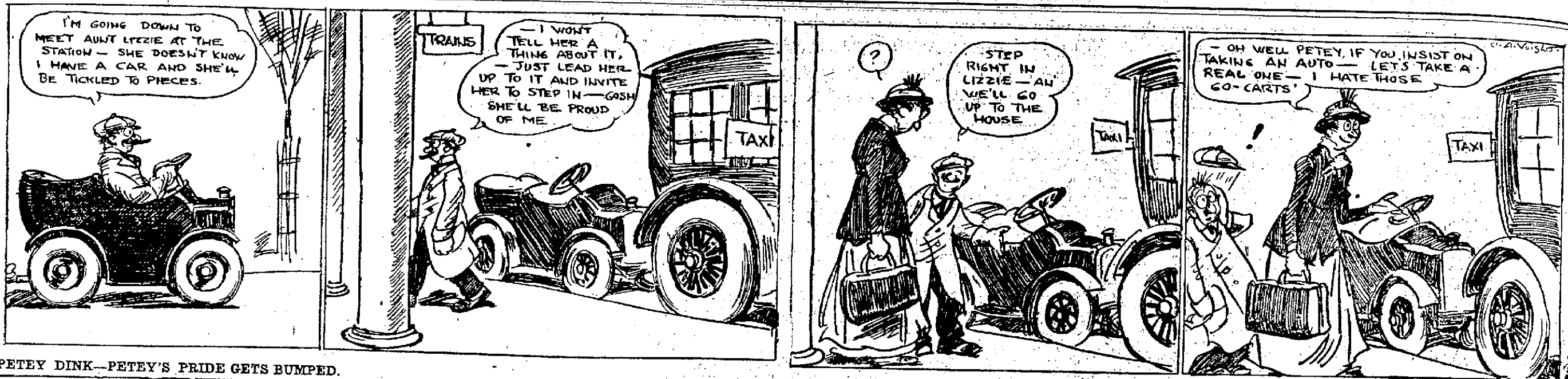
THIS 12-INCH AUSTRIAN GUN FIRES A THOUSAND-POUND SHELL



This Austrian 30.5 centimetre (12-inch) siege-howitzer probably ranks next to the monster 42-centimetre (16.5-inch) siege-howitzer which is understood to have been employed against certain of the Belgian fortresses in the earlier phase of the war and is the most formidable piece of heavy ordnance in Europe. The pieces are made at the Austrian counterpart of Krupp's works in Bohemia. The howitzer was first made in 1913, when it was experimented with at the year's manoeuvres. The 30.5-centimetre howitzer is capable of elevation up to 65 degrees, recoils six feet at each discharge, and fires a shell weighing upwards of 1,000 pounds. The barrel weighs 8½ tons, the total weight with recoil equipment and mounting, being a little more than 28 tons.

Twelve-inch siege-howitzer of the Austrian army.

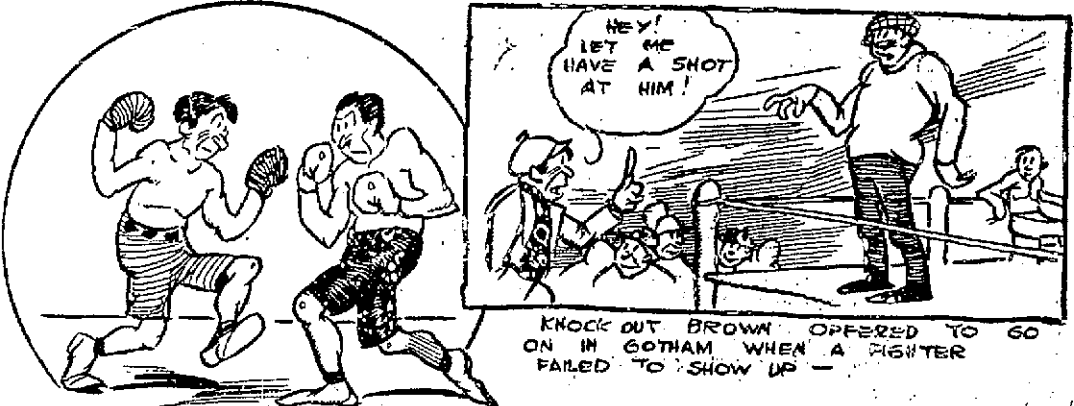




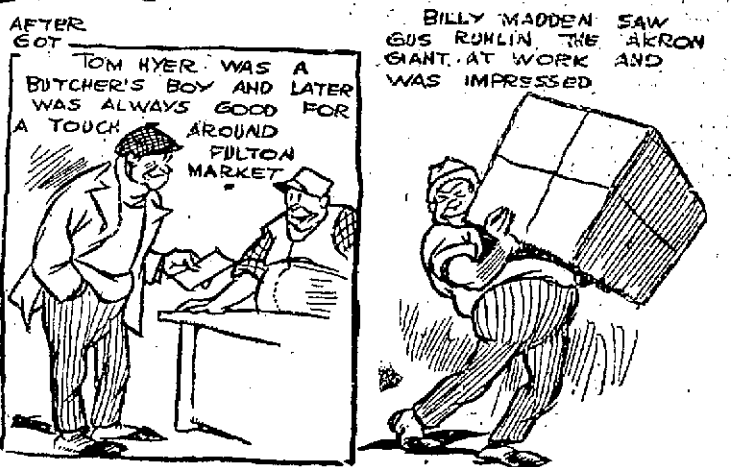
PETEE DINK—PETEE'S PRIDE GETS BUMPED.

By C. A. VOIGHT

SOME OF OUR MOST PROMINENT FIGHTERS HAD VERY HUMBLE BEGINNINGS; HERE'S HOW SOME OF THEM GOT PUGILISTIC START



WILLIE RITCHIE WENT IN AFTER FREDDIE WELSH AND THIS HIS START.



Knockout Brown, the Gotham lightweight, some few years ago was the scrappiest kid in the parish. He picked every little Irishman in his community and acquired a rep among his pals as a real battler. Along in the summer of 1903, entire, for such is his given handle, went to his first professional fight. Danny Morgan's fighter failed to appear and when it was announced that he was willing to substitute, he was among those who went to see Ad Wolgast fight Freddie Welsh. Wolgast was taken down with appendicitis just before the fight, and Ritchie offered to take his place. Willie lost by a shade, but showed decided talent and worked with some success at the fight game thereafter. Tom Hyer, champion heavyweight of several years ago, used to be a butcher boy in Manhattan. After Tom had made his rep and retired, after he had grown too old and infirm to fight, he was always able to totter around to Fulton Market and sponge a ten-spot or so. They all remembered Tom at the meat stalls. Gus Ruhlin, the Akron Giant of

whom fame, had a job in a paper mill. He was so strong as to be able to tote about a load that would crush three average sized men. Billy Madden saw him one day at his unusual strength. It seemed to Madden that Ruhlin had the stuff to make a good heavyweight. And as it later developed Madden was right about it. Everyone knows about Luther McCarthy, the young heavy of unfortunate demise. Luther had been a cowboy and so earnestly did his manager believe in him that he pawned

his clothes to get Luther to St. Joseph, where he fought his first fight. Johnny Solzberg, one of the younger pug, had been a blacksmith's assistant. At the age of sixteen he took on his apron and so completely "trimmed" a 200-pound loafer that Scrapy-Dixon, who was passing, took an interest in the kid and showed him a few points. Shortly after Johnny was offered \$1 to engage in his first fight, which he did. The whole place was pinched including Johnny, but not till after he had licked his man and made the start of his professional career.

Sport Snap Shots

MORRIS MILLER

Joe Tinker's bunch of Chicago Whales don't care so much whether the Federal league survives this season or not. The Whales are training at Shreveport, La., in the heart of the southern oil belt. Most of

the players invested their spare money in a new oil project that was just starting when they reached the south. The other day one of the wells owned by the Whales began spouting 4,000 barrels of oil and another well has just begun to yield 2,500 barrels per day.

Only five men outside of the pitching staff are sure of their jobs with the Cincinnati Reds this season, Buck Herzog, their boss, asserts. These

CLARK GRIFFITH ROUNDS TEAM INTO FORM AT THE CHARLOTTESVILLE CAMP



Howard Shanks (left), Ray Morgan and Clark Griffith.

Despite some inclement weather Clark Griffith is whipping the Washington Senators into pretty good shape at the spring training quarters at Charlottesville, Va. Among the old-timers who are showing up well is Ray Morgan, who bids fair to have the best season yet. Howard Shanks is one of the players who are said to fear release.

men are Tommy Leach, as center fielder; Heine Groh, third baseman; Ivan Olson, second baseman; Docoin, behind the bat, and Manager Herzog himself. "Wingo, Griffith, Mollwitz and the others will have to show themselves as hitters to convince me they should be carried as regulars," says Herzog. "Hitters are what this club needs."

If Bob Beschler has really signed with the Federals, the corrected list of big league athletes who made the jump—and stayed jumped—is as follows:—Including only such as actually beat it when still in demand: Edward Konetchy, Pittsburgh; Lee Magee, St. Louis Nationals; Pat O'Connor, St. Louis Nationals; Jack Dalton, Brooklyn; Frank Allen, Brooklyn; Catcher Fischer, Brooklyn; Miles Main, Detroit; Leslie Mann, Boston Braves; Charlie Deal, Boston Braves; Pitcher Marshall, Philadelphia N. Milton Reed, Philadelphia N. Bob Beschler, New York Nationals.

"I am no fighter," hissed Miguel Angel Gonzalez, the Red catcher, "an' I do not look to find trouble—but weeth pleasure an' a beeg, beeg cloob I like to slay de cochino colombo dat lock my door on de outside while I am on le insides an' leaf me dere so I am de mout late to de practice an' get de muy loco hawl-out be El Senor Hairzog!"

They tell a story on how Pitcher Hagerman of the Chicago Cubs into receiving for and opening the letter in which Hagerman returned the bonus money the Federals paid him when he jumped. Hagerman put a return address on the envelope: Miss Mary Smith, Chillicothe, O. "Naturally," Weighman did not know it was from the re-flopping pitcher. Since the fact has come out that the Federal story of returning that money to Walter Johnson was all a press agent yarn, it appears Hagerman took unnecessary precautions.

"This southern training is fine for the winter resorts," remarks Zach Wheat, "but the time to get in condition is all the time. I would advise all ball players to buy farms and spend their winters working them. They won't have to run around the ball park 'steem times between meals trying to get down to weight then."

his money fighting in America and spends quite a bit of it buying shirts and other haberdashery in Paris. He's very particular about his clothes. In Freddie, he says the French patterns suit him best both as to color and wearing qualities.

When it comes to exaggeration, the Chicago baseball writers, carry off the laurel wreaths. They are saying Heine Zimmerman is in "mid-season form" and he has not been chased off the field yet.

The Chicago Cubs are in the court again. James Noal, a telegraph operator, who alleges he was hit on the head by a stray pop bottle, has sued the club for \$15,000 damages. Think of an ordinary telegraph operator's head being damaged \$15,000 worth.

CHAMPION KILBANE WINS FROM EDDIE WALLACE

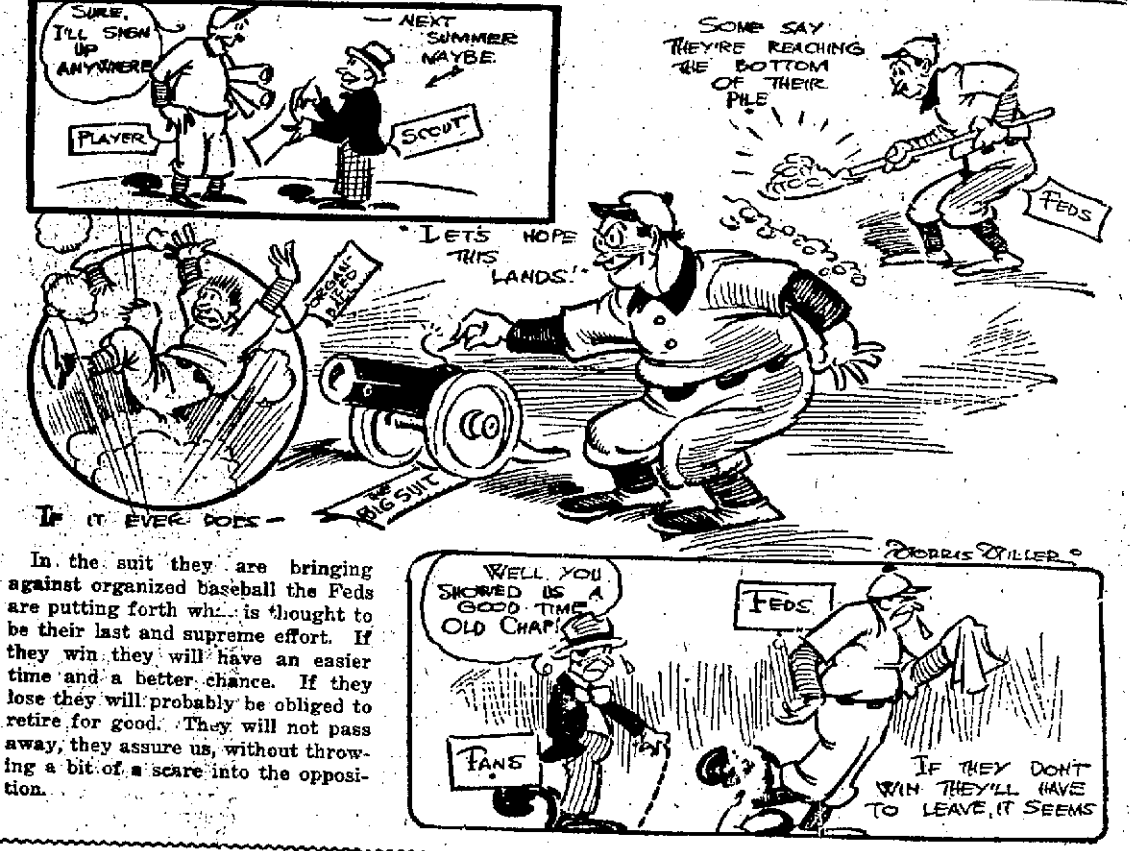
New York, March 31.—Champion Johnny Kilbane shaded Eddie Wallace in a fast ten round bout before a Brooklyn club last night. Kilbane was several pounds over weight, which interfered with high speed work.

Dundee Wins. New York, March 31.—Johnny Dundee, the leading challenger for the lightweight crown with Ritchie, had a margin over Frankie Callahan after ten slashing rounds here last night. Callahan proved a willing and rugged mixer, but the Italian's cleverness won the bout victory.

Coffey Scores K. O. New York, March 31.—Jim Coffey, the Irish heavyweight champion, continued his K. O. record when he stopped One Round Davis in three rounds at the Fairmount club. Mandot Ready. Superior, March 31.—Joe Mandot, the New Orleans lightweight, is in perfect condition to meet Pal Brown in Superior on April ninth. Mandot will leave Saturday for Superior.

His Exercise. "Your husband pores over his books too much." "He loves to read." "But he should exercise." "Oh, he exercises. The doctor told him the same thing. So now he has taken up golf by mail."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

FEDS ARE DETERMINED TO HAND O. B. THE K. O. POKE; BIG SUIT WILL SETTLE THE BASEBALL WAR FOREVER AND AYE



In the suit they are bringing against organized baseball the Federals are putting forth what is thought to be their last and supreme effort. If they win they will have an easier time and a better chance. If they lose they will probably be obliged to retire for good. They will not pass away, they assure us, without throwing a bit of a scare into the opposition.

The Periscope. The periscope of a submarine, in order to be of any service, must necessarily project above the surface of the water, else its combination of mirrors could not work to any advantage.

Of the Same Breed. It's better than an even bet that the man who rushes by your open bedroom window every morning at 5:30 with his auto muffler cut out would block the aisle with his feet if he were in a street car.

Economic Thought. "I am convinced," said Mrs. Twickenbury, "that we should save largely on dentists' bills, if we should buy each of the children one of those new pyrotechnic tooth brushes."

Pal! Listen to this:

Prince Albert is the one pipe tobacco that gets right under the epidermis of the most veteran pipe smoker. Men who have become case-hardened to tongue tortures are falling in line along with young fellows who are just getting pipe broke. Men everywhere love the ripping good flavor and fragrance of

PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke

but what they like most is P. A. peacefulness. They like the absence of the tongue and throat suffering, taken out of P. A. by our famous patented process. P. A. is sold in the tidy, pocket-handly red tins, 10c; topky red bags, 5c; also in pound and half-pound tins; but the pound crystal-glass humidor is the jim-dandy package for home and office use. You go to it!

You can buy any of these at any store that sells tobacco.
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.



SEES CHANCE TO CUT UNIVERSITY EXPENSE

W. H. ALLEN IN SURVEY REPORT OUTLINES CAUSES OF UN- NECESSARY EXPENDITURE.

RECOMMEND CHANGES

Abolition of Compulsory Military Drill and Change in Organization of Regents Suggested.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., March 31.—The report of William H. Allen on the survey of the University of Wisconsin has been made to the state board of public affairs and a summary has been given out today in proof form. The complete report will be submitted to the legislature shortly. Several pages of the exhaustive summary are devoted to answering the question, "What, if anything, is the university undertaking that the state as a whole does not wish it to do?"

The report suggests that high school inspection should give way to high school visiting; that the state laboratory of hygiene should be made an independent agency; that a further investigation be made of the foreign language requirements, and many other changes and improvements provided.

Administration Defects. Numerous statements have been made to the survey, both within and without the university itself, that the university is undertaking to influence legislation and should discontinue legislative activity and meddle in politics, says the report. "No concrete evidence has been obtained by the survey of legislative interference or of meddling in politics. The complaints which have come to our attention have to do with methods of administration or of presenting budget requests, and of publicity, and are to be dealt with not by discontinuing any particular activity, but by attention to administrative organization and methods, such as the detailed report suggested."

Pages are devoted to letters received by the survey in answer to suggestions of what the university is failing to do and the state wishes it to do. Many of these suggestions relate to the academic work, but the report calls particular attention to the need for reducing board and room rent in the city of Madison, and suggests the extending of the school year from 36 to 48 weeks. This, with a six weeks' summer session, would keep the school plant busy the year round. The report does not favor the Carnegie Foundation as a method for retiring aged university professors.

Responsibility for retiring or pensioning Wisconsin professors would better be borne by the state instead of shifting this responsibility and the responsibility for studying high educational problems to the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, says Director Allen. "This would cost the state about one-third of a cent per capita per year, or would add a trifle over one-fourth of a cent to the tax on property assessed at \$1,000."

Causes of Big Expense. Among the principal causes of unnecessary expense cited are: Lack of accounting system to show unit cost of schedules; casualness in the catalogue necessitating personal letters; purchase of land at private sale when contract might have been obtained; inability to check the increased cost of living for students; and failure to know university from the side of classrooms.

The report declares it is clear that when support of the university is measured by numbers reached, the university is less liberally supported than any other public educational institution.

Referring to the university high school, recently occupied and to be dedicated this week, the report recommends the organization of the school be redefined and a better method of management devised, and possibly to turn it over to the city of Madison so that it might be used for practice purposes.

In reference to social and economic standards for students it is suggested that they be revised so that more student convocations be held, that students be encouraged by remission of physical education to room far away from the university, that the program for self-supporting dormitories be started promptly on an extensive scale, that the price of rooms in women's dormitories be lowered, and that student self-government be given a chance to learn from its own mistakes, without intervention of faculty committee or rulings. It also suggests that university land, especially along Lake Mendota, be tendered to groups of students who would build suitable buildings for board and room with assured supervision acceptable to the university. This policy is in full force at Northwestern university. The entrance requirements are asked to be re-evaluated in more definite form, that there be a reorganization of the salary schedule and a reorganization and re-statement of the course of study.

Abolish Military Drill. Among the laws recommended now as recommended in the report are: That compulsory military drill be abolished; that there is nothing in the university's relations with the federal government that makes military drill compulsory.

Because of military drill the efficiency of the department of physical education is said to be retarded three-fifths; the same amount of time spent in teaching the arts of peace and method of efficient citizenship would do more to advance the interests of the state.

That the state department of public instruction be omitted from the board of regents. That department is hampered by the present dual relation of the superintendent.

That if the superintendent is omitted from the board the law be amended to give him the right to have complete public records of the board and to appear before it at any time. That the state department be given more power by law to require adequate reports from the university to supplement the other reports on educational conditions in the state.

That the president of the university be omitted from the board of regents, but allowing him to appear before it.

Change in Regents Plan. That the board of regents be made a state-created body where it is now regent-created, and be given additional power to ascertain facts about university management and administration. That the board be reduced from fifteen to five or seven members; that the term be reduced to five years without possibility of successive reappointment; that one member retire each year; that meetings be held at least once a month throughout the year; that the five members be chosen from different professions or vocations; and that the law require qualifications which will require ability to understand administrative problems.

That under the board of regents there be created a division of reference and research, to serve as a clearing-house for information as to educational and non-educational features of university work.

That Wisconsin make provision for pensioning its own professors, and repeal all laws except the Carnegie Foundation gift.

That the detailed survey report on the by-laws and laws of the regents be taken up by the legislative committee on education.

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CHICAGO, MEAN CITY

CRIME BODY FINDS

Commission Tabulates Figures to Show That Windy City is Extremely Bad.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, March 31.—Chicago is the "meanest city in the world," according to figures being compiled by a municipal crime commission. More than ten persons are held up or robbed by pickpockets daily. Burglaries occur in a larger number. Police records show that there are nearly 70 cases of pocket picking, robbery, burglary and larceny reported every day to the Chicago police. Only one tenth of the offenders are ever arrested. A much smaller per cent of those arrested are ever convicted. There is an average of 20 burglaries per day.

Alderman C. E. Merriam is a school teacher in politics. For years he has taught political economy in the University of Chicago. He has been alderman three terms, twice chairman of police bodies and once republican candidate for mayor of Chicago. Alderman Merriam is chairman of the Merriam crime commission, investigating conditions in Chicago. He promises that his report soon to be made to the city council will prove Chicago is the "meanest city in the world," that life, property and money are unsafe in the lake-side metropolis.

During the fall the multiplicity of hold-ups and pickpockets around the crime investigators. On October 18 he passed through the city council an ordinance requiring Superintendent of Police James Gleason to make weekly reports of robberies, contraband, distinguished by burglaries. The first two weeks showed there had been 372 cases reported. Since October 19 there have been, according to the reports, 1,292 robberies, 33 attempted robberies and 33 purses snatched from loop shoppers. According to the superintendent's reports 276 arrests and 141 convictions were made. Two of this number were sentenced to imprisonment.

Crime Commissioner Merriam has figures of the convictions in 1913 and 1914. In the former year 11.3 per cent of these arrested for robbery and burglary were convicted. In 1914 the percentage rose to 29.3. Only a small portion of stolen property is recovered, police records show. Last year the pawn shop department recovered from pawn shops and second hand stores \$1,884,153.64 worth of stolen property. In the preceding year \$1,697,430 worth of property was recovered.

Sergeant Annas, in charge of the pawn shop department, believes Chicago is a bad place for the best organized fence syndicate in the world, because its centrality makes it ideal for such a place. A kodak once stolen by a window smasher from a Loop kodak dealer was bought three days later at Galveston Texas, by a circus cook. Two weeks later it was stolen from him, sold to a Chicago pawn shop and positively identified by the cook.

Smaller in population than either New York or London, Chicago has more crime. In 1913 there were more murders in Chicago than in either of the other two cities combined, and police records for the same year show 1,022 arrests, for robbery and assault. London's 1913 robbery and assault record was 78. Gotham's was 928.

Captain of Detectives O'Brien defends Chicago police on the ground that they have four more square miles to cover than the New York police. Gotham's points out, also outnumber them almost four to one.

FORT SAN LORENZO WILL PLAY PROMINENT PART IN CANAL DEFENSE.

Panama, March 31.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Fort San Lorenzo, an ancient fortress which stands on a high bluff at the entrance to the harbor at the mouth of the Chagres River, probably will again play a part in the defense of the isthmus. Canal authorities are trying to obtain from Panama the right to re-establish the old fortress, rebuilding it and placing therein a number of modern and high-power coast defense guns.

The site of the ancient fortress is important because it stands at the entrance of a deep-water way from the Caribbean Sea to the isthmus locks, dam and spillway. It is declared that the Chagres river is easily navigable for small torpedo boats and submarines. The only obstacle is a bar at the mouth of the river, but ever this may be passed at high tide.

The Castle of San Lorenzo was built by order of Philip II. of Spain in 1597 and for many years was considered practically invulnerable. John Morgan and his Buccaneers, however, almost destroyed the fortress and English under Admiral Vernon captured it in 1740, blew the fort skyward. Since then it has been an historic ruin.

The American government has long regarded the mouth of the Chagres river as an important point in the coast defenses of the Panama Canal, especially in view of the accessibility of the locks, dam and spillway at Gatun through the stream. The nearest fortifications are now at Toro Point near Colon which is about 8 miles east of San Lorenzo.

CLEARY SUPPORTS BILL FOR LIQUIDATING STATE DEBT BY DEFINITE FUND

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., March 31.—M. J. Cleary, representing Gov. Philip C. La Follette, appeared before the judiciary committee of the assembly yesterday afternoon in favor of the Helm bill, because that left the matter optional, but that he believed a definite sum should be laid aside each year and used to extinguish the debt. He said that the governor felt that under these circumstances the debt would be cleaned up on a uniform plan. Cleary's statement suggested that a substitute would be drafted to the Harrington bill on this subject.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND CELEBRATE THIS YEAR "KING ALBERT DAY."

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

London, March 31.—England and France will celebrate April 8 as "King Albert Day." King Albert, born in 1875, will on that day complete his 40th year.

It is not the custom of the British people, comments the Telegraph, to celebrate the birthdays of Continental sovereigns, even though they be the faithful and loyal allies of King George. But the case of King Albert is different.

King Albert, and been living at this hour, what the old hero-worshiper would have found in King Albert. Tried by his standards the figure that stands out brightest in this war is that of King Albert.

Agreement Among Merchants Seems to Have Been Reached From Milwaukee Story.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Milwaukee, Wis., March 31.—This is the first day of summer. At least, it is for the well-known head of the family.

The uncalendrical change in season is due to the fact that coal dealers put their summer prices into effect today. Practically all grades of coal have been reduced 50 cents a ton. This is occasion for celebration by the man who buys his household supply in the summer but underestimates the amount he would use, and by the poor, who must buy their fuel in small quantities.

The schedule of hard coal prices, in effect in Milwaukee and in most cities throughout the state, shows a 50-cent reduction in the present scale as follows: Egg and stove varieties, present price, \$8.10; chestnut, \$8.35; pea, \$8.80; Pocahontas, \$6.50; Buckwheat, \$5.25; Buckwheat will remain at \$5.25. An extra charge of 25 cents a ton will be made if carting is necessary.

The demand for coal last winter was about normal, although the weather was more severe, owing to the fact that the great majority of consumers purchase their supply in the fall or during the summer. The only ones who do not follow this rule are those who are not financially able, or those who cannot provide ample storage space.

A number of poor country places are advertised for rent in this issue of the Gazette. Turn to the Want Ad page now.

Maxwell 11

"The Wonder Car"



You will have only yourself to blame if you are "talked into" buying an "unsuitable" or a "theoretical" Car.

The two commonest mistakes made in buying an automobile are—First, Buying a car not suited to your needs.—Second, Buying a car that has not passed the theory stage.

The first mistake—buying an "unsuitable" car—is perhaps made even less often than the second. But for your own sake study your needs sensibly, just as you study your household needs, and buy a car you can afford to enjoy—a car you will have pride in, and yet one that will not be a "ghost of reproach" to your good sense.

The second mistake—buying a "theoretical" car—is perhaps the sadder mistake of the two—because when you have made this mistake, you have on your hands some engineer's or designer's untried theory, instead of a tried, known, successful car. And you have paid a price that, put in the right car, would never have been a reproach—but would have

bought an automobile of real pride and joy.

It is because we see these two mistakes being constantly made—because we see sensible people being constantly talked into these "automobile fiascos" that we boast so much about the record of the car we sell—The Maxwell.

38,000 happy satisfied Maxwell owners are driving 38,000 handsome streamline Maxwell Cars to-day—at an up-keep cost that any man of any standing can afford, and at an original cost that is simply a practical investment.

200 Maxwell Cars Every Day

Twelve hundred a week, five thousand a month. That is the actual output of "The Wonder Car" right now and constantly increasing.

Not bare promises that cannot be kept, but actual deliveries to Maxwell Dealers.

Stop! Think a moment. There must be something back of a production so great. There must be the hearty approval and confidence of the public in the car they buy and the car must merit it all.

26 Maxwell cars every hour of the business day. Yes, that is just what the public are buying, and when you order a Maxwell, you get one the day you want it.

Back of each Maxwell stands one of the greatest and most efficient organizations in the industry, and one strong enough financially to insure you against the purchase of an "orphan car" and to give you actual deliveries of a wonderful car on the day you want it.

The Maxwell Company's Guarantee of Service to Maxwell Owners

No other automobile is backed by a more reliable service than that guaranteed every Maxwell owner. More than 2,000 Maxwell dealers in every part of this country—are always ready to give expert advice, to make adjustments, and to supply new parts at reasonable prices.

This splendid Maxwell dealer service organization is perfected and completed by the chain of Maxwell owned and Maxwell operated Service Branches. Sixteen great Maxwell Service Stations are so located throughout the country that a Maxwell dealer can supply any part for an owner within a few hours if not in his stock. Maxwell Service is one of the great advantages enjoyed by Maxwell owners.

Order a Maxwell from us now, and when you want it delivered, we will give you your car—not an excuse on delivery day

"EVERY ROAD IS A MAXWELL ROAD"

\$695 KEMMERER GARAGE "THE BEST" **\$695**

206-12 E. Milwaukee St. E. A. Kemmerer, Prop. Both Phones

STATE COAL DEALERS LOWER PRICE PER TON

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Objects to Hoffman Bill on Injury Law

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., March 31.—F. M. Wilcox, a member of the state industrial commission, appeared before the assembly committee on judiciary yesterday afternoon to oppose the Hoffman bill, which would shorten the limitation under which notices of injury must be sent to the committee. He said that the law was working out so successfully that the change should not be made. The present limitation of two years for a notice should be shortened to six months in the opinion of Charles Barnes of Kenosha.

Quick sellers—Gazette want ads.

STRONG KICKS MADE ON ANTI-TIP BILLS BY THOSE WHO KNOW

Bellhops, Porters, Bootblacks, and Barbers Appear Before Committee to Oppose Laws on Tipping.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Madison, Wis., March 31.—Bellhops, porters on railroad trains, barbers, waiters and bootblacks came in numbers before the assembly committee on state affairs yesterday afternoon to protest against the passage of the Hoshard bill to prohibit the giving of tips in this state. By the men in opposition the bill was characterized by all sorts of epithets "even to murder in the first degree."

Senator Boshard told the committee of the public annoyance of the tipping habit. He said that it cost the traveling public many thousands of dollars every day. He believed that employers should pay their help sufficient wages so they would not be compelled to beg.

John Martel, a chef in a Milwaukee hotel, representing the waiters' union, opposed the bill, asked by Assemblyman Woodward whether a waiter was given the same treatment whether he paid a tip or not, Martel said: "Not if he goes to that place the second time."

Raps the Salesman.
Martel said it would be considered as a blow in the face if this bill was enacted into law. Charles Luker, a porter in a barber shop in Milwaukee, said that "if the rich man wanted to be his brother's keeper this legislature has no right to stop him." He scored the traveling man. He declared that there were 20 per cent of the traveling men of the state who were short fare riders; who always wanted the porter or conductor to do something crooked; that they want you to sit them beside some strange lady in the parlor car and if you don't they want to fight, and that "this class is the root of all evil." He said that the 20 per cent class always thought their first duty was to pinch up some girl when they went to town. He claimed that it was largely this class of traveling men who desired the passage of an anti-tipping law.

Luker claimed that the passage of that law would rob him of his earnings and might make a thug out of men who were now supporting a family on the philanthropic offerings of the public. He said that if under terms of the bill he "could be pinched if I gave the preacher a dime on Sunday and he then pinched for taking it." He characterized the measure as murder in the first degree in that it would bar men from earning a living.

Barbers There Too.
M. H. Whitaker of Milwaukee, a former member of the state barbers' union in opposition to the bill. He said that there were 2,000 barbers in the state and that 90 per cent of them were opposed to the bill. He believed that such a law would be unconstitutional, but when assured by Senator Boshard that the identical bill had been upheld in California, he still insisted that the measure suffered from constitutional infirmities.

C. W. Hill, a colored porter on the Northwestern line, said that they received a salary of only \$40 a month and could not support their families on that wage if the bill were passed. He pointed out that colored men could not find employment in department stores as other men and that to pass this bill "would be to throw a large number of colored men out of a position."

AEROPLANE RECOMMENDED AS BEST CURE BY BRITISH SOLDIER AFTER EXPERIENCE

Boulton, March 31.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The aeroplane as a rest cure is recommended by at least one British soldier as a result of his personal experience.

He joined a line regiment in the early days of the war, and being an excellent shot and a good mechanic, was put in charge of machine gun. He and his gun were left by accident in an isolated trench position when his battalion was withdrawn, and he had a continuous spell of forty-three days in the forward trench, much of the time completely out of touch with his army, before he regained his regiment. By that time he was a physical and mental wreck, and he was sent to a hospital to recuperate. When he leave was up, he confided to the office in charge that his nerve was so shattered that he simply couldn't bear to go back to the trenches. He couldn't get the sound of bullets out of any head," he declared, "you must find something else for me to do for a time."

He himself suggested that he be transferred to the Flying Corps, and inasmuch as he had already had some experience in this line of work, the transfer was made. As an aviator, he began sending an hour or two aloft daily. The "charge of air" worked just the relief he required, and related his nerves to their original firmness.

CELEBRATE HUNDRETH BIRTHDAY OF BISMARCK THROUGHOUT GERMANY

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Berlin, March 31.—The 100th birthday of Bismarck, which falls on April 1, is to be celebrated with special ceremony this year. The day falls on the Easter vacation, so the minister of education has promulgated an order for an advance celebration which shall be indulged in by all classes and by all schools.

NEW FRATERNAL SOCIETIES FILE CORPORATION PAPERS

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Madison, Wis., March 31.—New corporations: Henry Grifka & Co., Milwaukee; drygoods, etc., capital \$5,000; incorporators, Henry Grifka, Laura Grifka and Isidore Pollard. Western Salvage company, Milwaukee; capital \$1,000; incorporators, B. E. Nickoll, Paul A. Piepke and Henry V. Heaney; Syrian-American club, Milwaukee; non-stock; incorporators, Joseph H. Herro, Abraham Zaitoon, Joseph H. Herro and James Shork. National Order of Owls, Milwaukee; non-stock; Catholic fraternal society; incorporators, R. J. Hennessey, E. J. Delinden, Lawrence J. Conway, and others. The Multi-Blade Razor company, Madison, dissolved.

LATEST PICTURE OF GERMAN AMBASSADOR.



Count J. H. von Bernstorff, leaving state department.

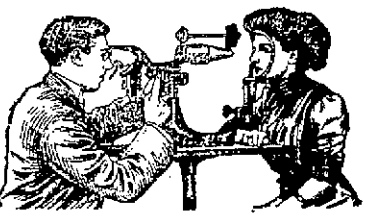
This picture of the German ambassador to the United States was snapped a few days ago as he left the state department for a diplomatic errand pertaining to the sinking of the William P. Frye by the German cruiser Eitel Friedrich. Rumor had it some time ago that the ambassador would be recalled, but this, however, was emphatically denied by the count.

Evansville News

Evansville, March 31.—The Tuesday Evening Tourist club met last night with Miss Mae Phillips, the program as follows being given: Resumé of Chapters I. to XIII.—Mrs. N. G. Olliver. Resumé of Chapters XIV to XXVII.—Myrtle Green.

Trolope's Realism.—Hazel Hankinson. Austin Dobson.—Annetta Winston. The members of the Women's Literary club were entertained at a one o'clock luncheon at the home of Mrs. Louis Spencer on Monday afternoon. The luncheon being in charge of Mesdames Louis Spencer, Everett Van Patten and C. Powles. The house was beautifully decorated with hyacinths, the place cards being Easter favors. The afternoon's study was a reading of Shaw's "Man and Superman."

Mrs. J. Tierney and daughter, Miss Gertrude, were Janesville visitors yesterday. Milo Clark of Magnolia was a business visitor here yesterday. Mrs. Chester Reese Newman of Juda visited at the R. L. Finn and E. Reese homes yesterday. Will Halstead was a passenger to Janesville yesterday. Mrs. Anna Andrews of Magnolia was an Evansville shopper yesterday. Mrs. Erwin Gabriel and daughter, Fannie, spent yesterday with Bower City friends. Mr. and Mrs. George Shaw, Wayne Shaw and Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Colony motored to Janesville Monday afternoon. Miss Martha Holmes of Rockford college is spending the Easter vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. C. Holmes. Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Finnane were Janesville visitors yesterday. Frank Hess of Magnolia made a business visit in town yesterday. Miss Wilma Phillips of Whitewater was here yesterday.



How long has it been since your glasses were examined? It will be to your interest to give this matter your prompt attention. Your eyes are worthy of your most earnest consideration and our best attention and skill.

A. E. HARTE
OPTOMETRIST
EVANSVILLE, WIS.

THIS IS EASY

Just save a part of your earnings each week or month and invest them in our Certificates of Deposit. You will be surprised to see how fast 3% counts up and increases your savings.

**THE BANK
OF EVANSVILLE**
Founded 1870.

GEO. L. PULLEN, President.

arrives tonight for a visit over Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Phillips.

Miss Ruth Chase was the recent guest of her brother, Paul Chase, at the university at Madison.

William Mau of Magnolia was a business caller in this city Tuesday. Homer Sholtz was a Janesville passenger yesterday.

S. J. Troon of Magnolia transacted business here yesterday. Mrs. F. E. Colony and daughter, Alice, went to Beloit yesterday. She returned in the evening. Miss Alice remaining for a few days visit at the Baker-Pony farm.

Miss Vera Thompson is spending the week at her parental home at Fennimore.

A. D. Bullard made a business trip to the Bower City yesterday. George Thurman, representative of H. Rosenblatt and Company of Beloit was the guest of his parents here yesterday.

Miss Mae Selmons is spending the Easter holiday at her home at Milton.

Miss Rae Jones of Whitewater arrives tonight for an over Easter visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Jones.

Miss Ethel Hoag is spending this week in Elmhurst.

Miss Hazel Keylock of Whitewater will spend the remainder of this week with her father, George Keylock of this city.

Miss Florence McLay is spending this week at her home in Janesville.

Miss Alice Wilder was a Janesville visitor Monday.

Miss Anna Taft is visiting over Easter at her home in Whitewater.

Paul Tanner of Stoughton is the guest of Warin Wilder several days of this week.

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GOVERNOR PHILIPP SENDS MESSAGE ON EDUCATION CONTROL

Through M. J. Cleary State Head Voices View for Unification of Educational Institutions.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Madison, Wis., March 31.—"The trend of thought at this time is to a unification of the control of educational institutions."

This was the gist of the message sent by Governor Philipp, through his agent, M. J. Cleary, to the assembly committee on education yesterday afternoon in favor of the Van Gordon bill to create a central board of education.

"The matter of the personnel of this board, the number of members, the length of the term, and the salary of members are details that the legislature should work out, to the end that the greatest efficiency may be had from the board and that the best interests of all branches of our educational system may be most effectively promoted," said Mr. Cleary. He then showed that many states had central boards of education and declared that our educational system "should be one correlated system from kindergarten to graduate school."

Works Both Ways.
"To separate this system into five or six parts under separate, and oftentimes jealous and antagonistic management is illogical and unbusinesslike," continued Mr. Cleary. "It re-

sults in increasing expense to the taxpayer and added burden to the student who seeks to take advantage of its course. The one branch of our educational system that has been sadly neglected in the progress that we have made in educational matters is in our common school system. In the enthusiasm and rivalry that has existed between the higher educational institutions and their governing bodies for place and support, the common schools, which were never thoroughly represented here, have suffered. The elimination of this rivalry will at last give a greater opportunity to that branch of our school system to be more fairly dealt with."

A Control Board.
"There is no thought on the governor's part of interfering with the educational policy of the schools of the state in the creation of the board. That is properly the functions of the presidents and faculties of these institutions, and any interference with that policy would be a mistake. In short the governor is for the creation of a central board of education in order that efficiency and economy in the business management of these state supported institutions may be brought about."

The management of the bill before the assembly was entrusted on the part of the administration to Senator J. Henry Bennett of La Crosse, who opened the argument in favor of the bill before the committee. Practically all of the officers of the Home Rule and Taxpayers' league appeared in favor of the measure, including T. C. Richmond and Charles Pierce. The latter claimed that too much money was spent in favor of higher education and not a sufficient amount for common school education. He read a letter from former President Thwaites of the board of regents which attacked

the extension work at the university as a clever scheme to get the vote of the farmer and the mechanic.

Number Appear.
J. W. Murphy, Plattville, formerly congressman, favored a central board of education. T. C. Richmond, though there should be a board of about five salaried men. A. H. Christman, Madison, representing the Equity cultural department of the university, said that something should be done to reduce the expense of management here. He showed that the expense of running the institution at Valparaiso, Indiana, were much less. Neal Brown of Wausau said that there should be a central board and the governor should have a firm hand on things. President Kieth of the Oshkosh normal school favored a wider extension of education. The opening of this afternoon. It was announced by Senator Bennett that J. G. Monahan, Plattville, J. M. Cheyenne, Stoughton, E. R. Bolar, Sheboygan, and others would favor the passage of the bill.

Now is the time to get rid of an household article you do not wish store or have no use for.

What is the Best Remedy For Constipation?
This is a question asked us many times each day. The answer is **Rexall Orderlies**. We guarantee them to be satisfactory to you. Sold only by us, 10 cents. Smith's Pharmacy.

We Take Pleasure in Announcing for Tomorrow the Chief Tailored Apparel Occasion of the Season

The Complete Spring Showing of Women's WOOLTEx, TAILORED COATS & SUITS

THIS superb assemblage of handsome new models has just arrived from America's foremost makers, and the women of our city who enjoy earliest glimpses of the new fashions, have a treat in store for them when they see this Wooltex exhibition.

Every garment in the delightfully varied collection expresses smart style-correctness; but the distinguishing characteristics that mark their superiority over usual ready-to-wear garments are:

- Refinement of Style**
- Gracefulness of Lines**
- Elegance of Materials**
- Superlative Workmanship**

The unusual niceties of custom-tailoring give to each garment an effect of elegance the moment it is taken in the hands, and this thorough and skillful workmanship creates the artistic and perfect-fitting lines which do not depend for their shapeliness upon the hot iron of the presser; but they are hand-moulded into each garment to live as long as the suit or coat is worn.

COAT No. 1712 is distinguished by a graduated double row of softly folded pleats, which grow wider toward the bottom of the coat, confined by a partial shaped belt crossing the back and ending under the arms. High rolling collar, trimmed with cords of the material. Full silk-lined. Materials are black and white checks, imported serge and mohair worsteds.

COAT No. 1713 is a youthful model for general wear. There is a pleasing suggestion of Norfolk effect, with broad belt and novel pockets. May be buttoned up close to the neck, or worn open. The collar of striped cloth may be worn high or flat. Materials are black and white checks, gabardine and barathes.

COAT No. 1708 illustrates a handsome new suit, adapted from a model by Paquin. Jacket is in uneven lengths, with belt across the centre in front and in back. Diagonal side pockets; trimming of cords of the material and embroidery. Rolling collar, with detachable over-collar of white silk crepe embroidered in pastel tint. Materials are gabardine, plain poplin and fine serge.

COAT No. 1314 is a particularly smart suit for young and slender women. The new softly folded pleats, which are not pressed flat, give a distinctive effect; partial belt. Jacket may be worn open or closed. Two-piece circular skirt, with inserted triangle on each hip. Materials are imperial serge, gabardine and checks.

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COAT No. 1300 is a charmingly illustrated by Coat No. 1300. A model that makes the figure look slender—becoming to a wide variety of figures. Panel back with folded girdle. Collar of black faille silk. Materials are mistral, box poplin and gabardine. Full lined with silk in matching or contrasting colors.

Wooltex coats, \$16.50, \$20.00 and \$25.00.
Wooltex suits, \$25.00, \$30.00 and \$35.00.

Come and see the exhibition tomorrow, while our fullest assemblage is here, and select for yourself new and becoming garments from this charming Wooltex collection.

T. P. BURNS
The Store That Sells Wooltex

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